

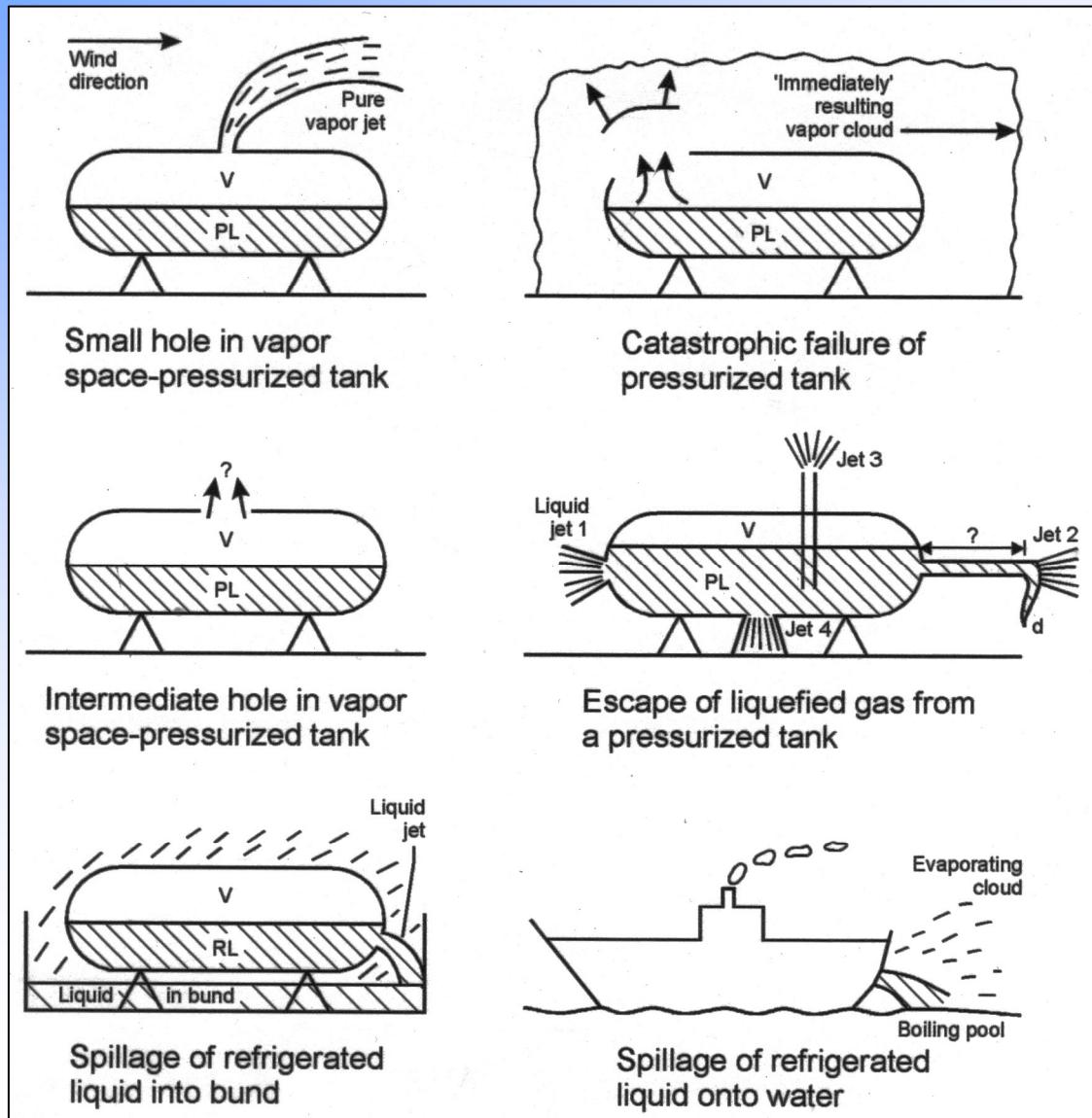
# **SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS ON LIQUID HYDROGEN (PART 2)**

**Karl Verfondern**

**Research Center Jülich, Germany**

**2<sup>nd</sup> European Summer School on Hydrogen Safety  
Belfast, July 30 – August 8, 2007**

# Types of Cryogen Release

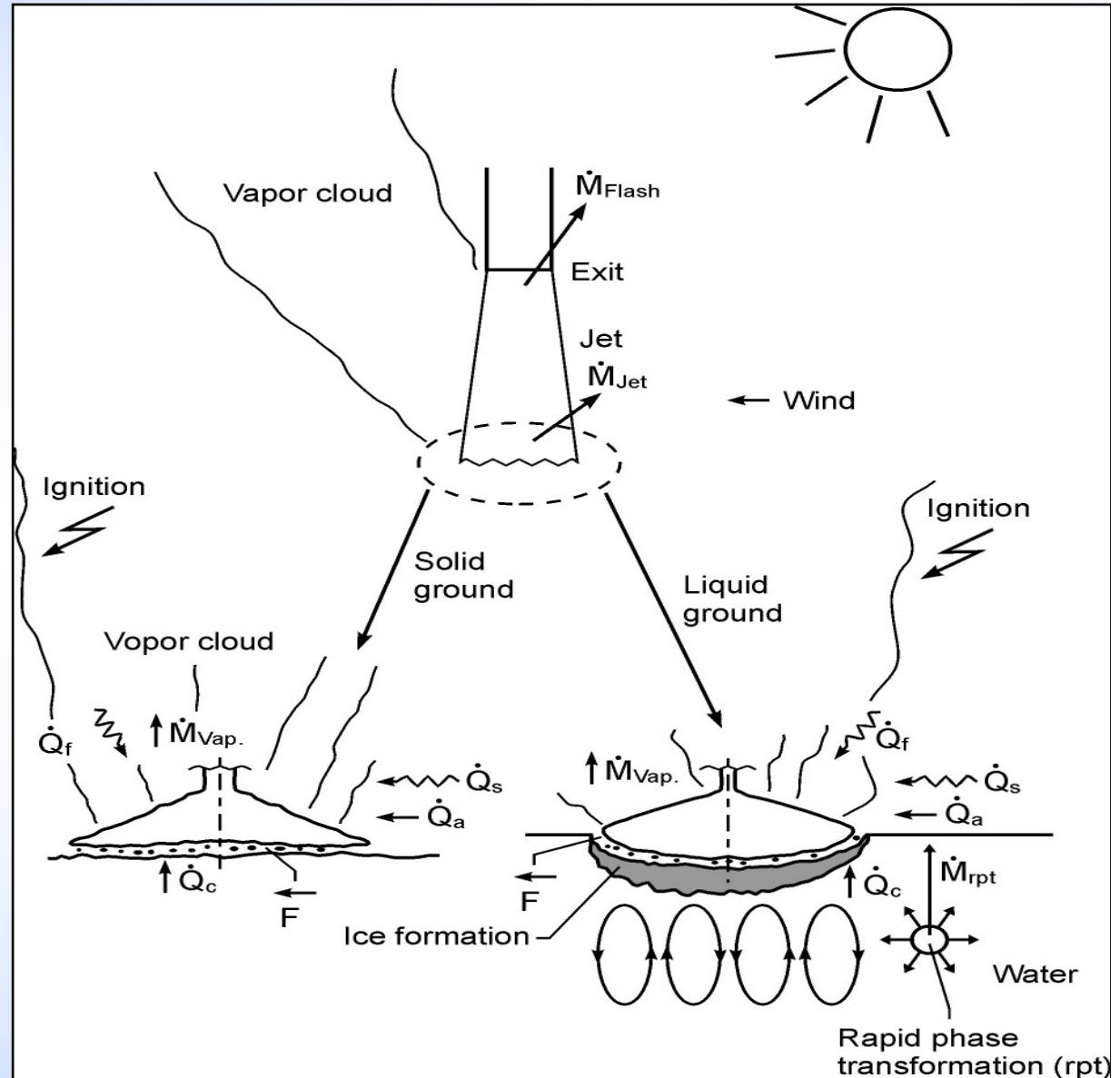


- **Catastrophic failure from high internal pressure**
- **Release of a jet stream of liquid or gas or two-phase mixture from pressurized system**
- **Release of liquid forming pool on the ground**

# Cryogenic Pool Phenomena

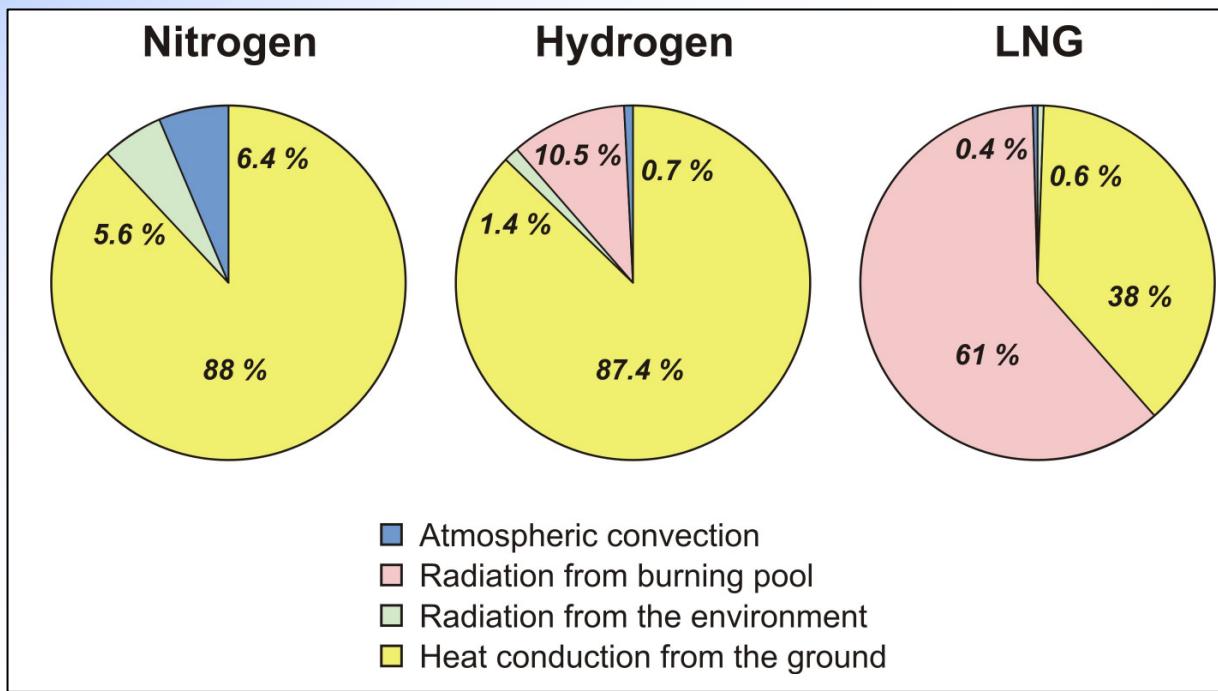
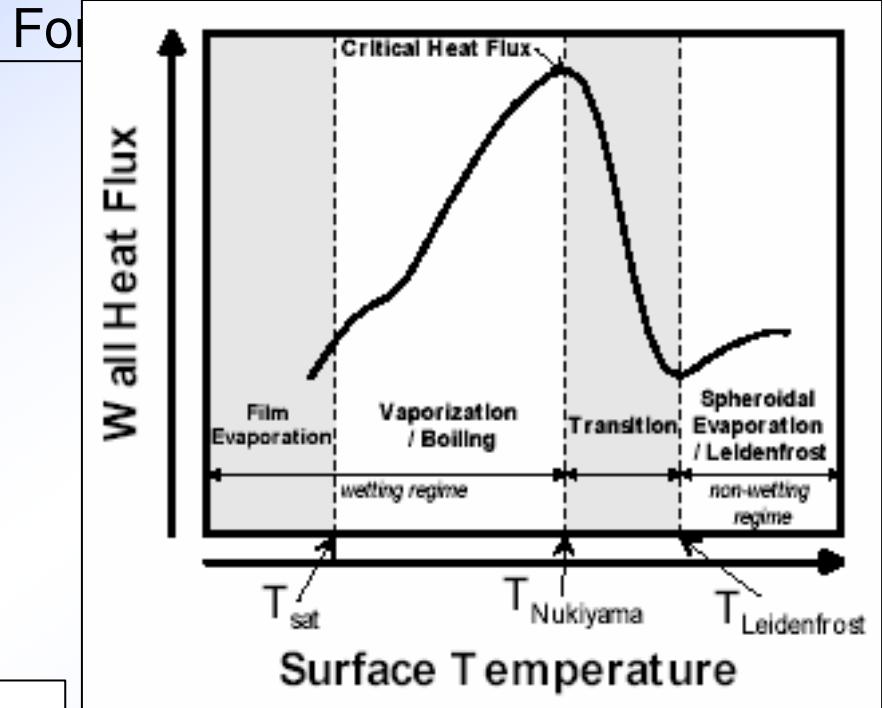


150 l of LN<sub>2</sub> spilled on water



# Vaporization of a Cryogen

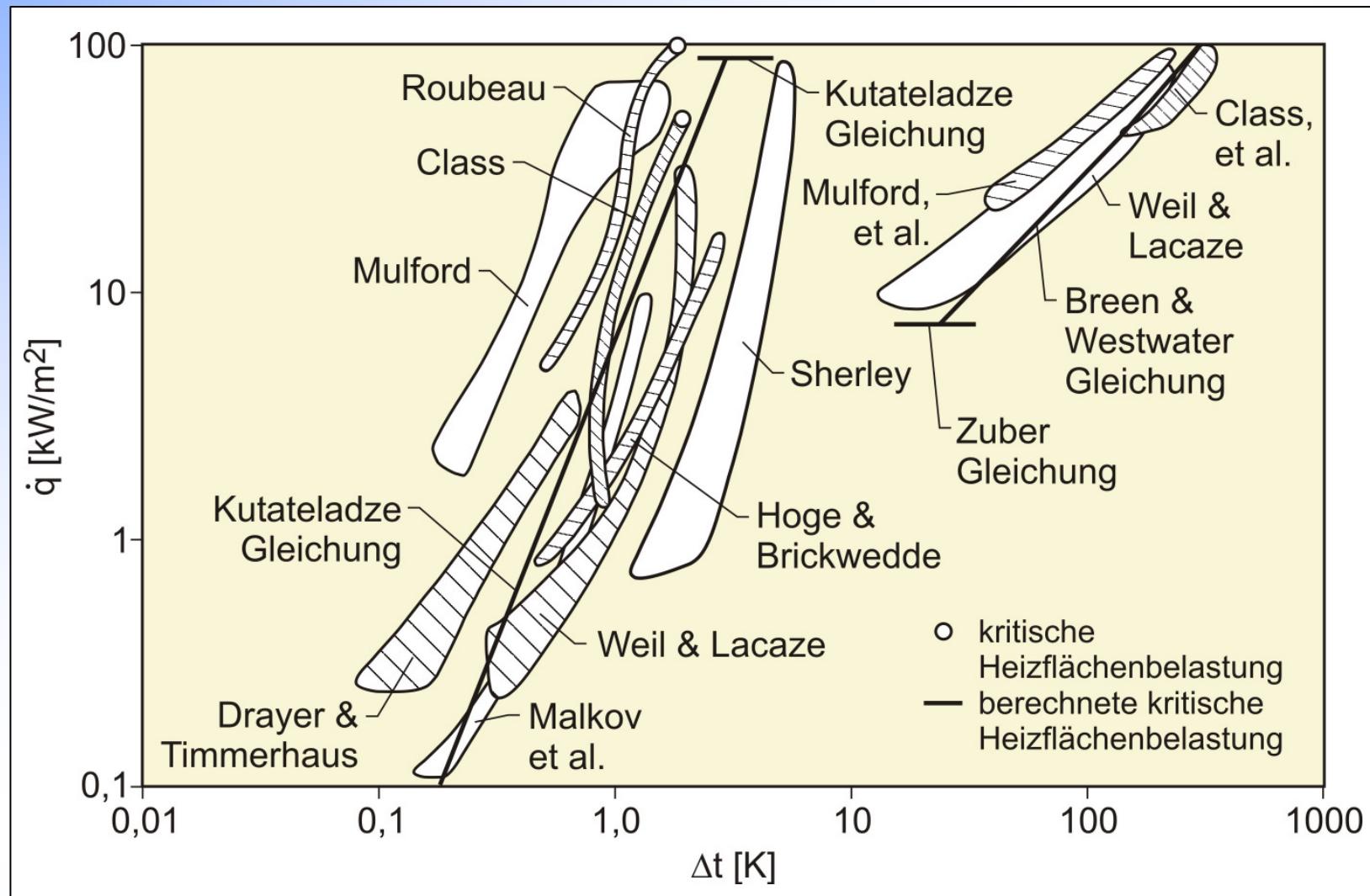
Film boiling  
Transition phase  
Nucleate boiling



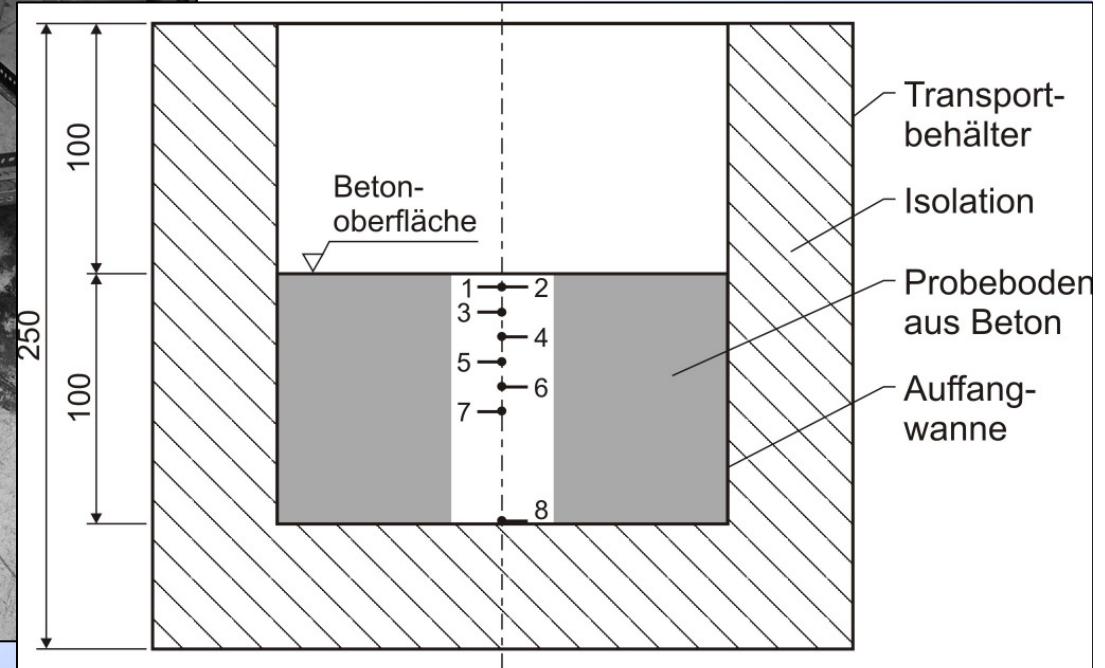
Heat flux density  
vs. temperature

Heat sources

# Nukiyama Curve of Heat Flux Density



# Vaporization Tests with LN<sub>2</sub>

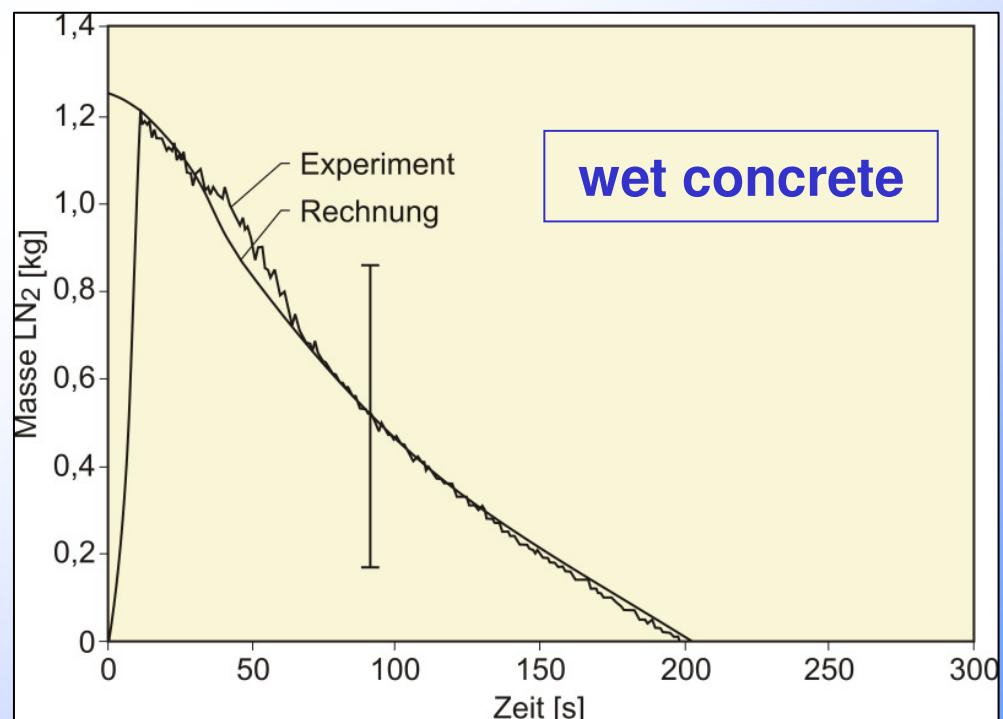
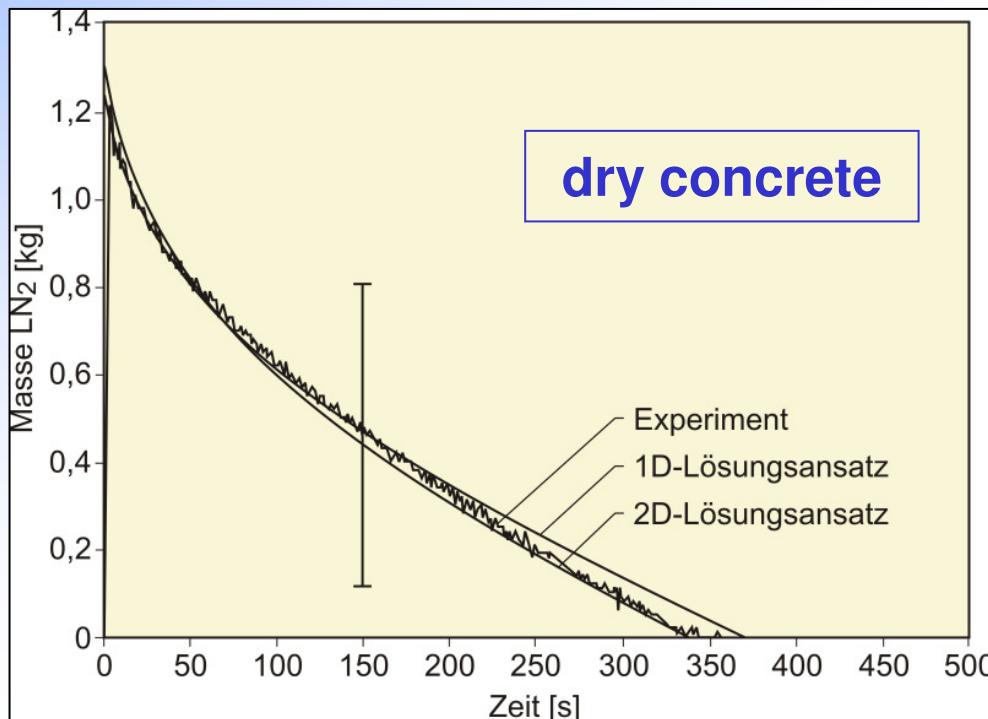
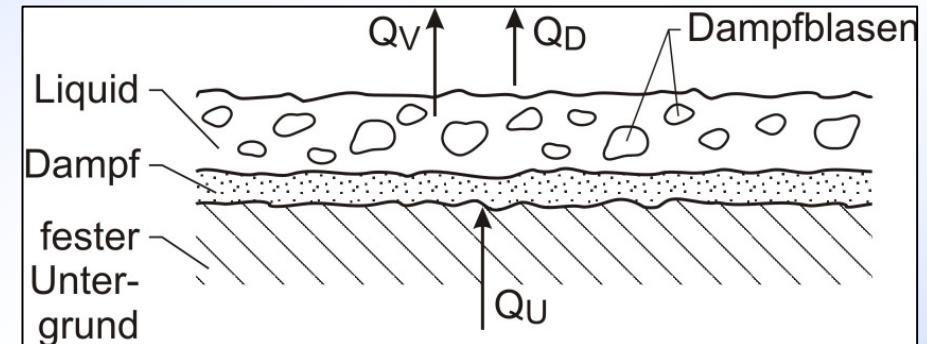


## Isolated bodies of

- bitumen  
(road surface)
- concrete wet / dry

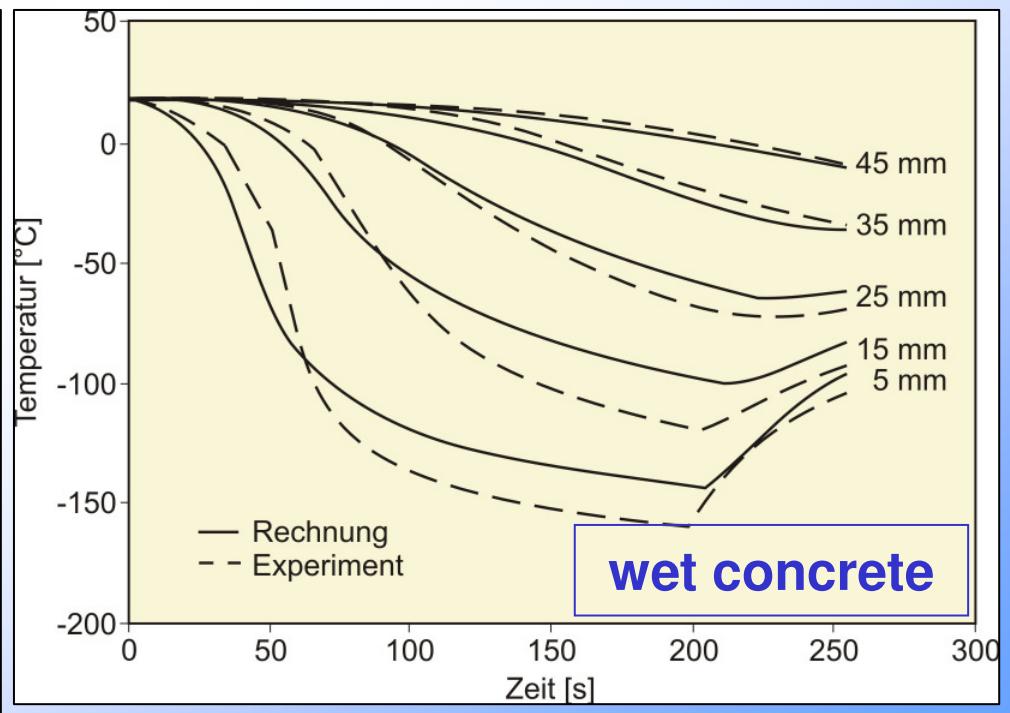
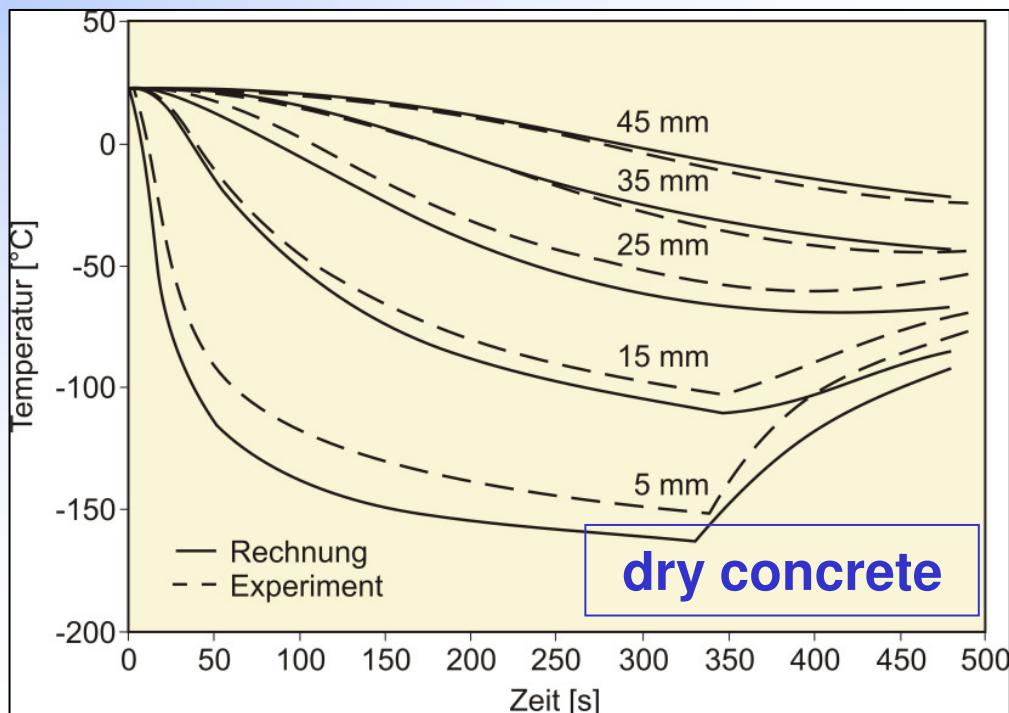
# Vaporization of 1.5 l of LN<sub>2</sub>

**Mass loss**

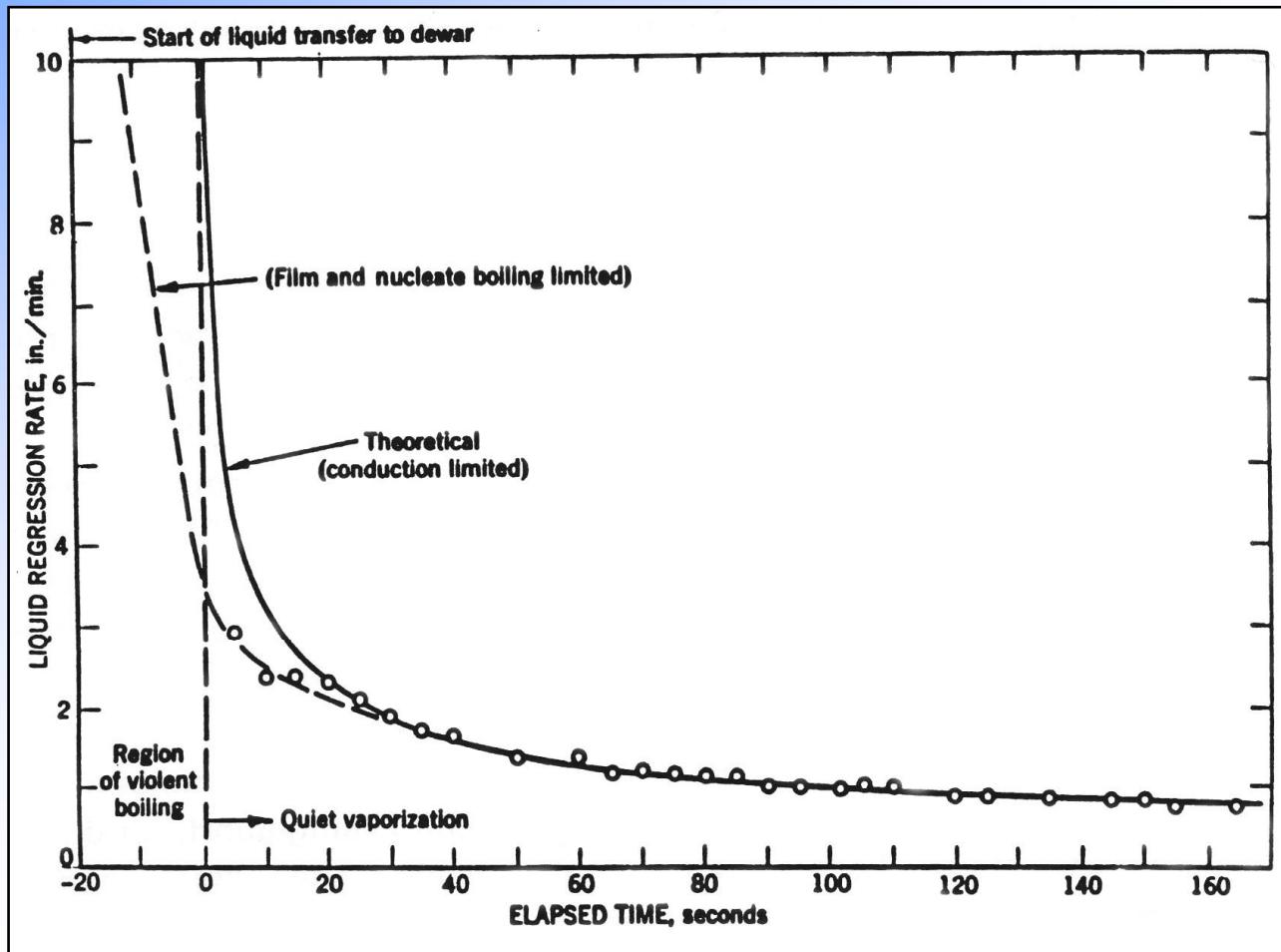


# Vaporization of 1.5 l of LN<sub>2</sub>

## Temperatures in depth



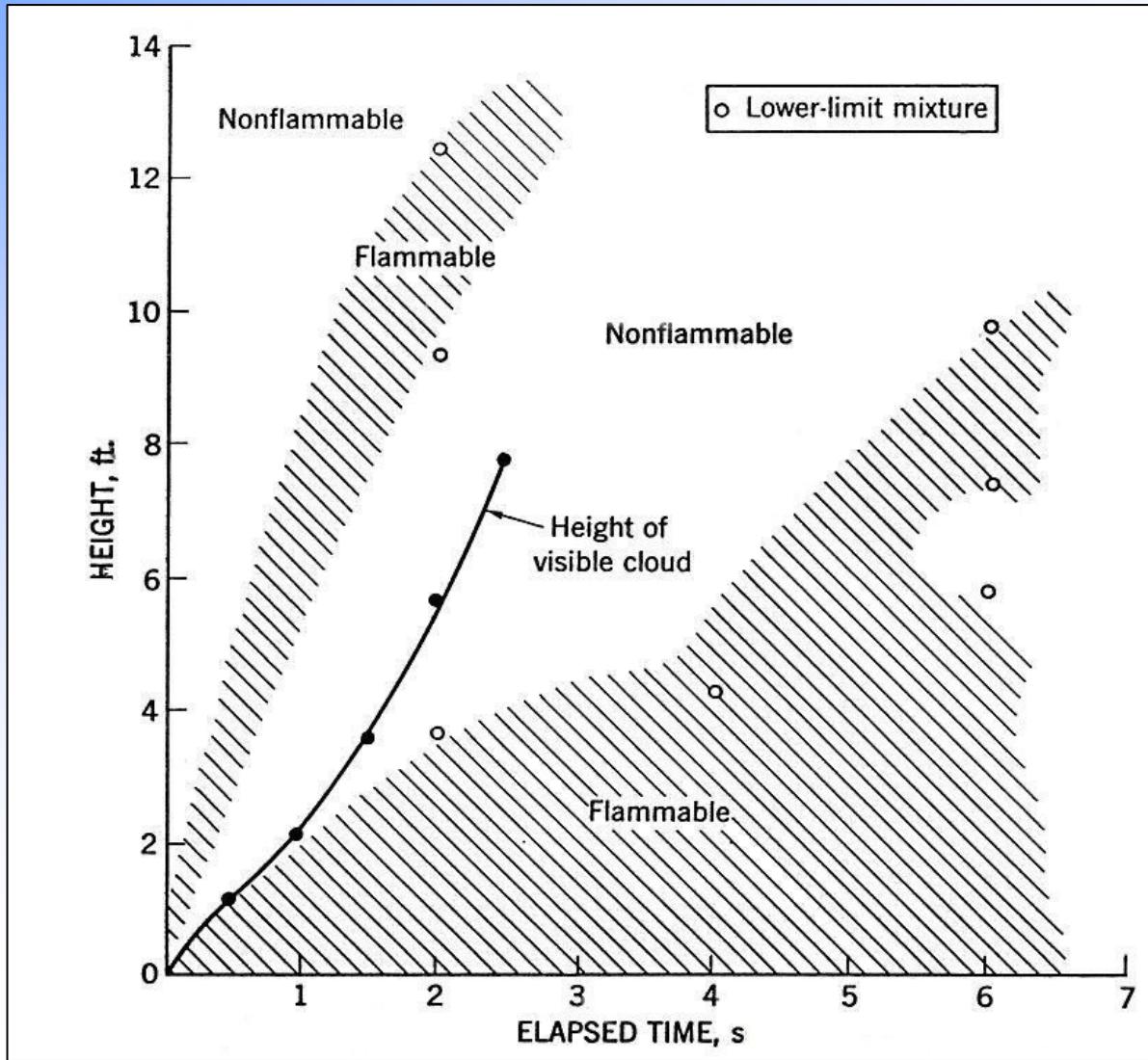
# LH<sub>2</sub> Pool Regression



**Body:  
paraffin wax  
in 65 mm dewar**

Zabetakis 1960

# Vaporization Behavior of LH<sub>2</sub>



Release of 3 l of LH<sub>2</sub>  
No wind

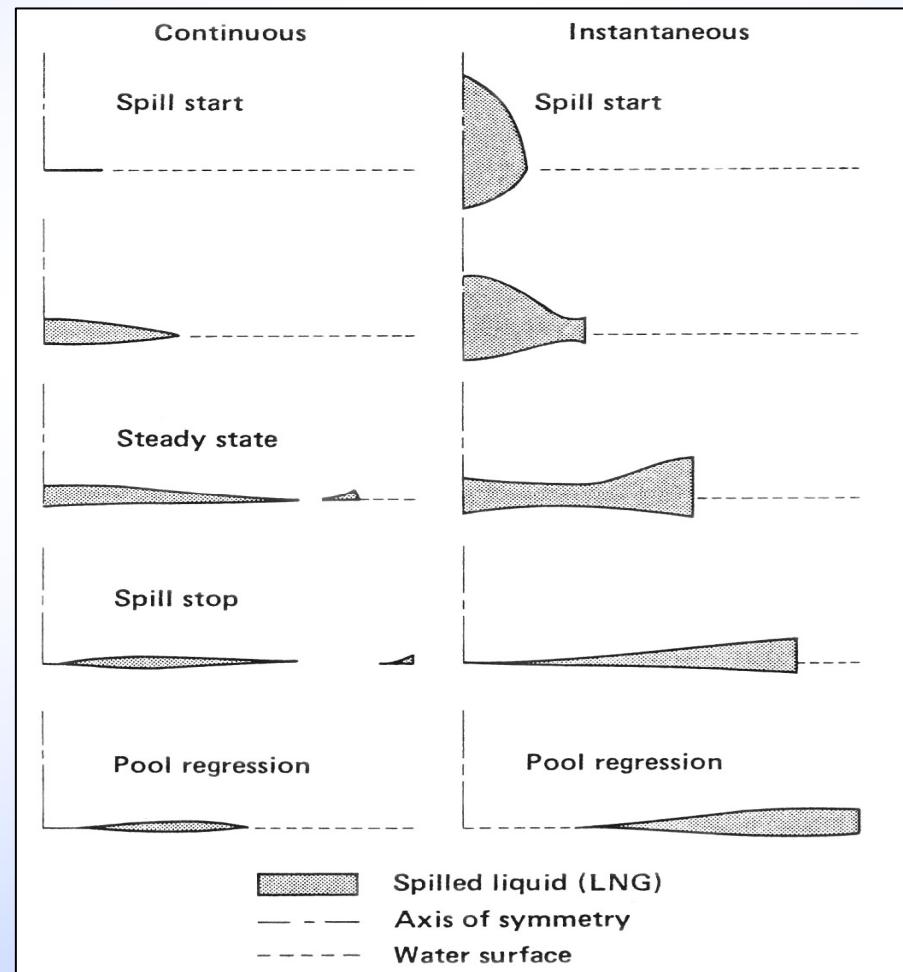
Zabetakis 1960

# Cryogen Pool Spreading

Strongly depending on

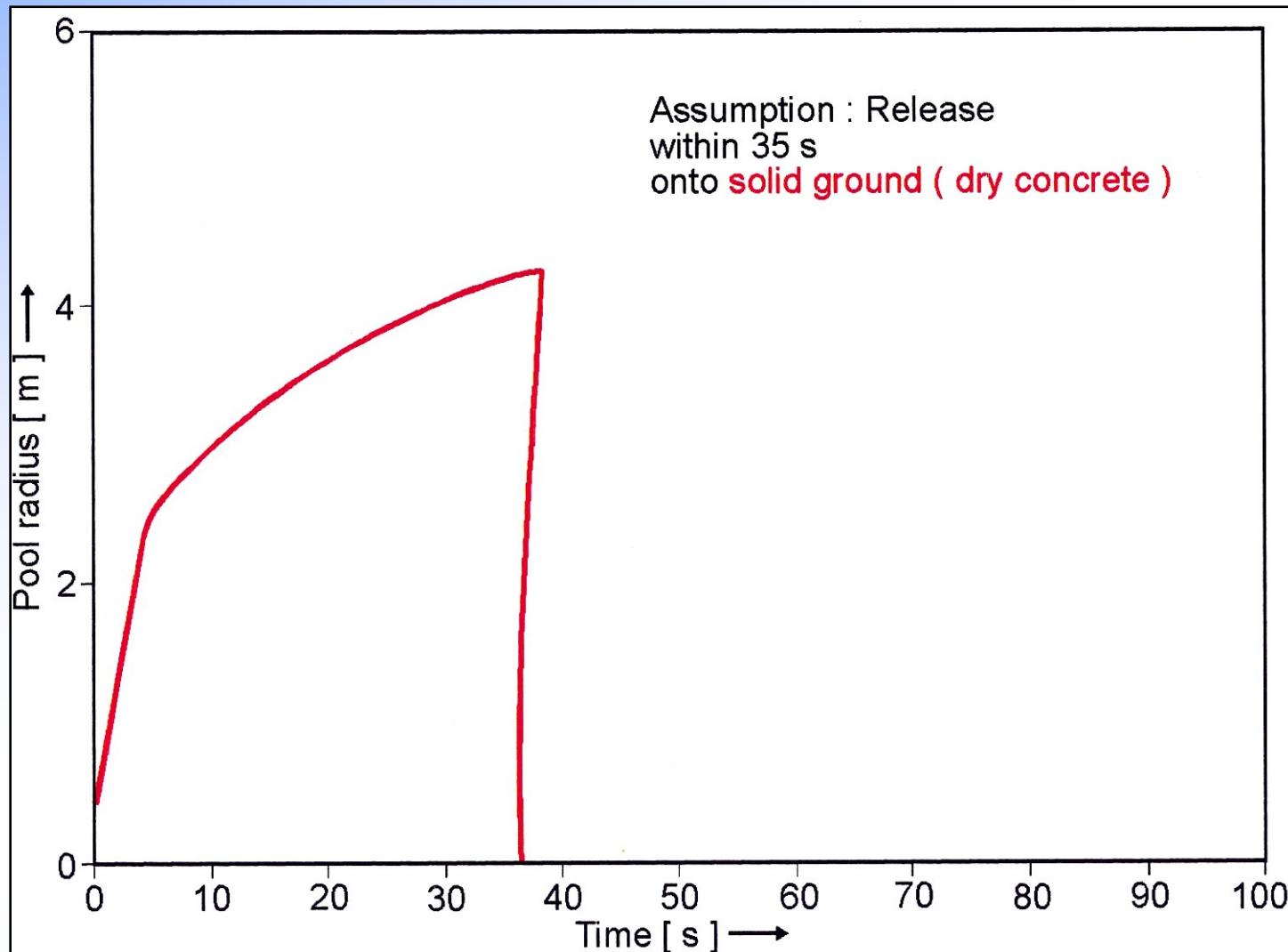
- release mode  
(instantaneous / continuous)
- type of ground  
(solid / liquid)

Release on water

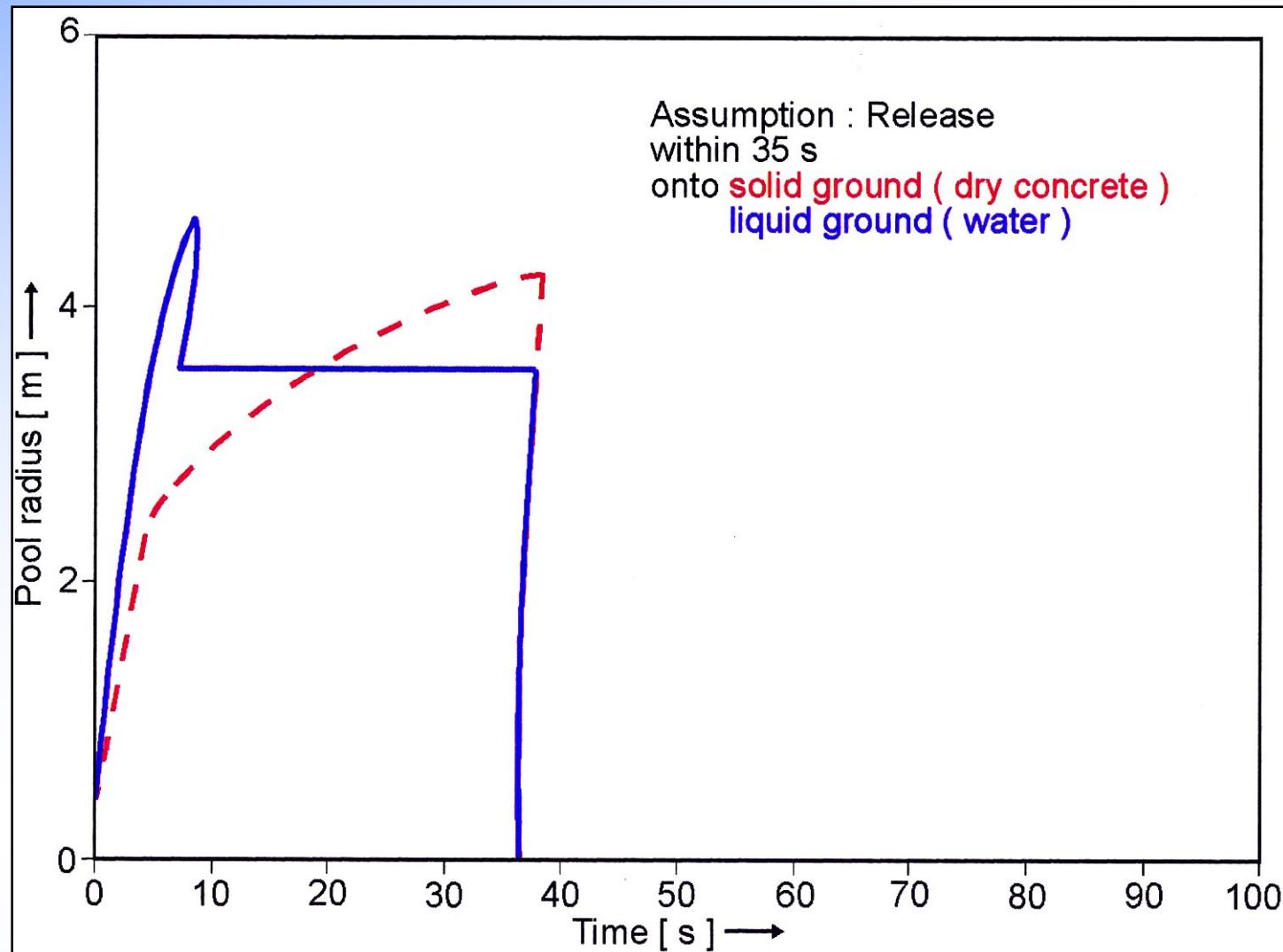


Brandeis 1983

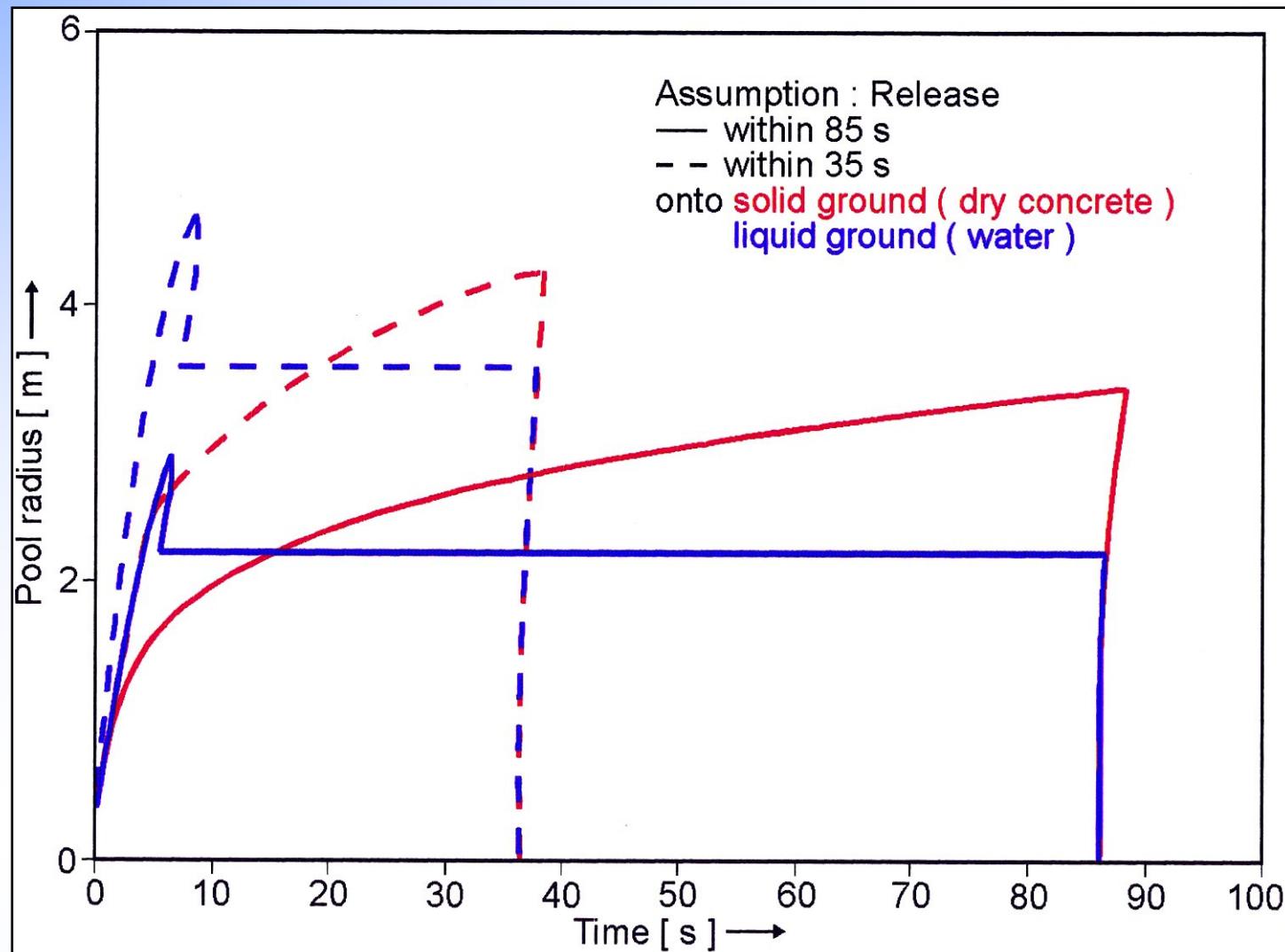
# Cryogenic Pool Behavior (1)



## Cryogenic Pool Behavior (2)

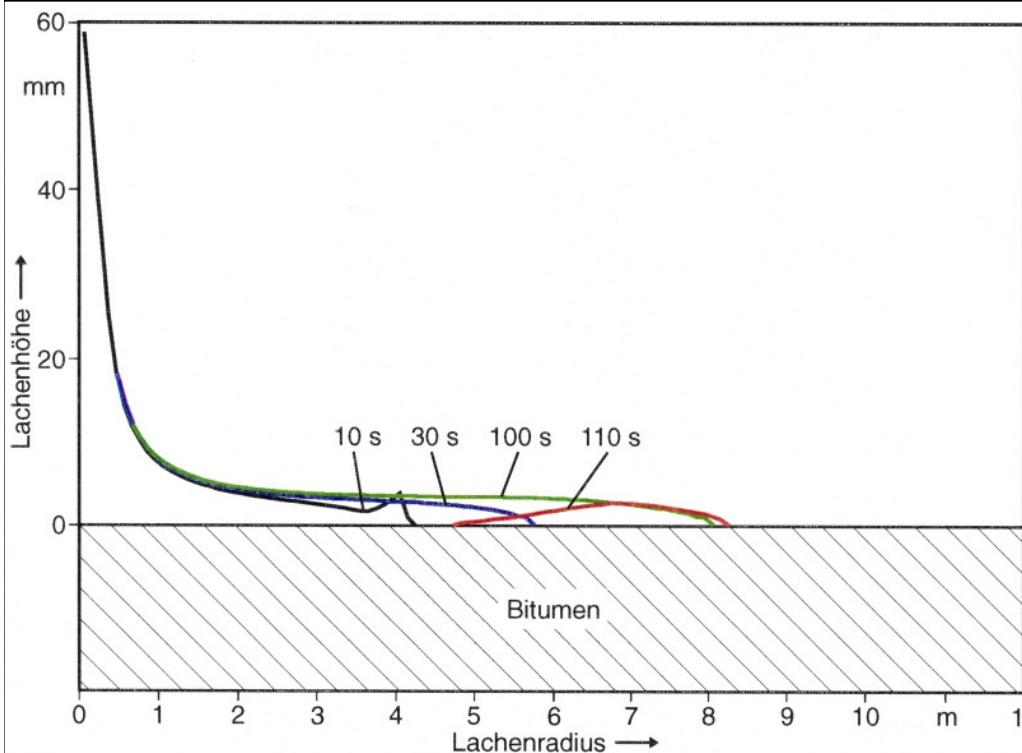


## Cryogenic Pool Behavior (3)

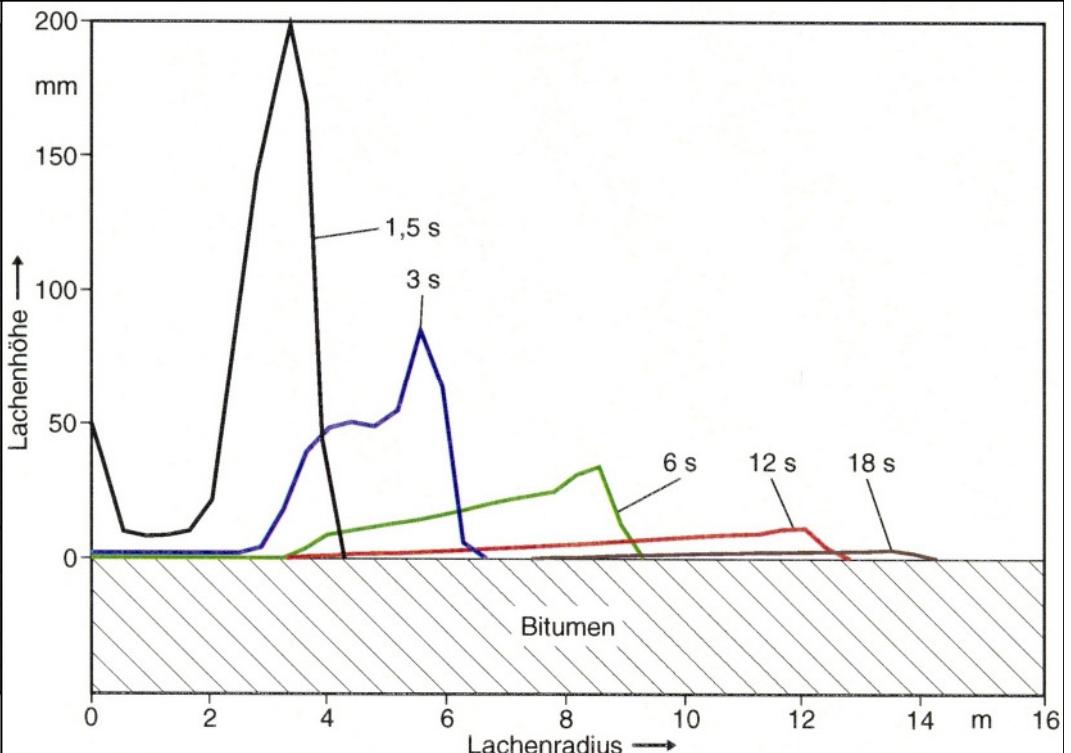


# Cryogenic Pool Behavior (4)

## Pool Profile

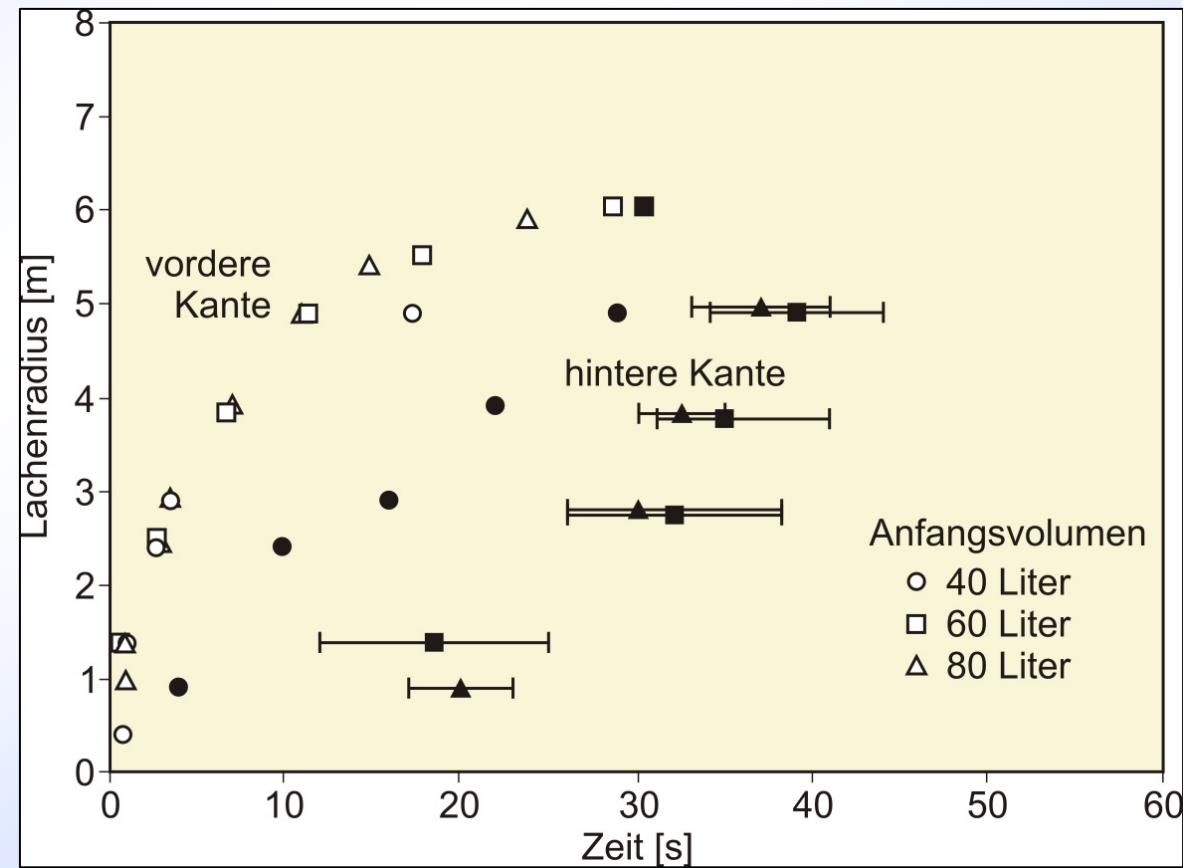


continuous release



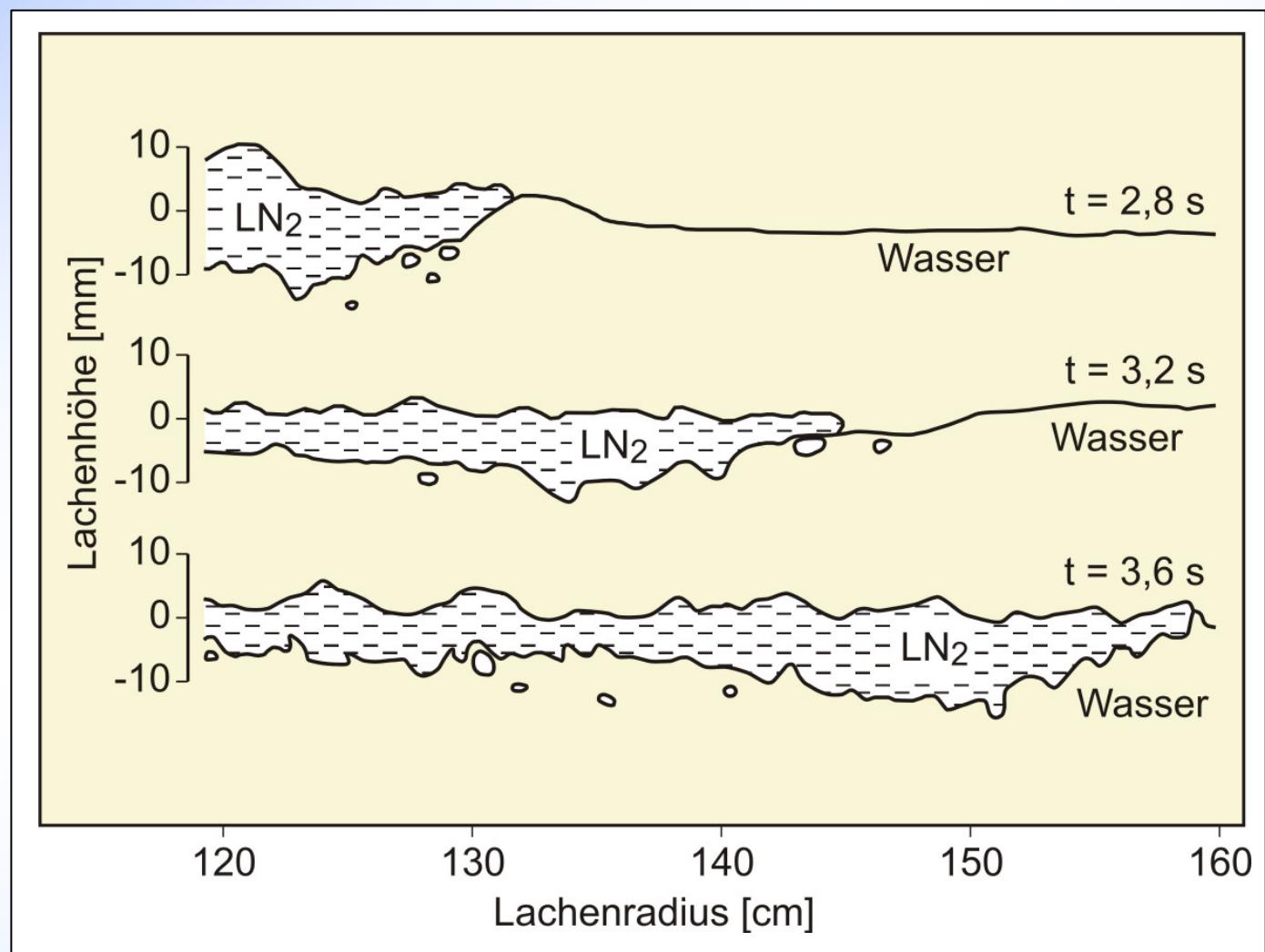
instantaneous release

# $\text{LN}_2$ Spill Tests on Water (KIWI) at FZJ

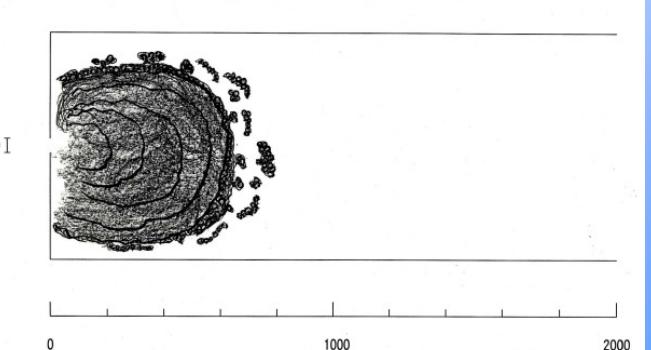
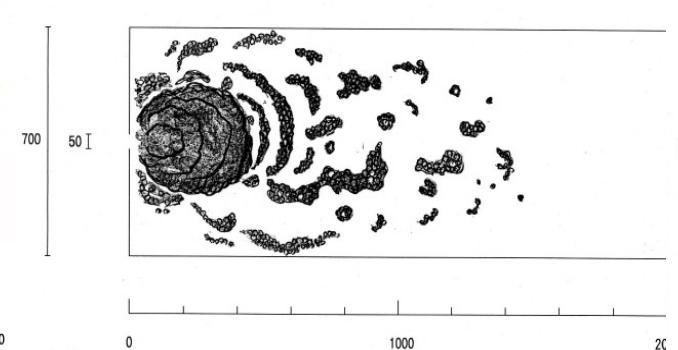
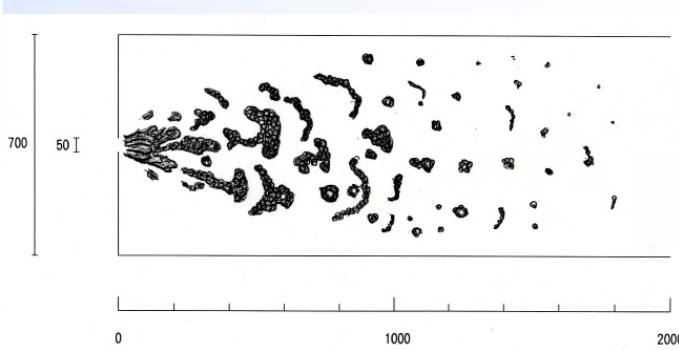




## LN<sub>2</sub> Pool Shape and Ice Formation

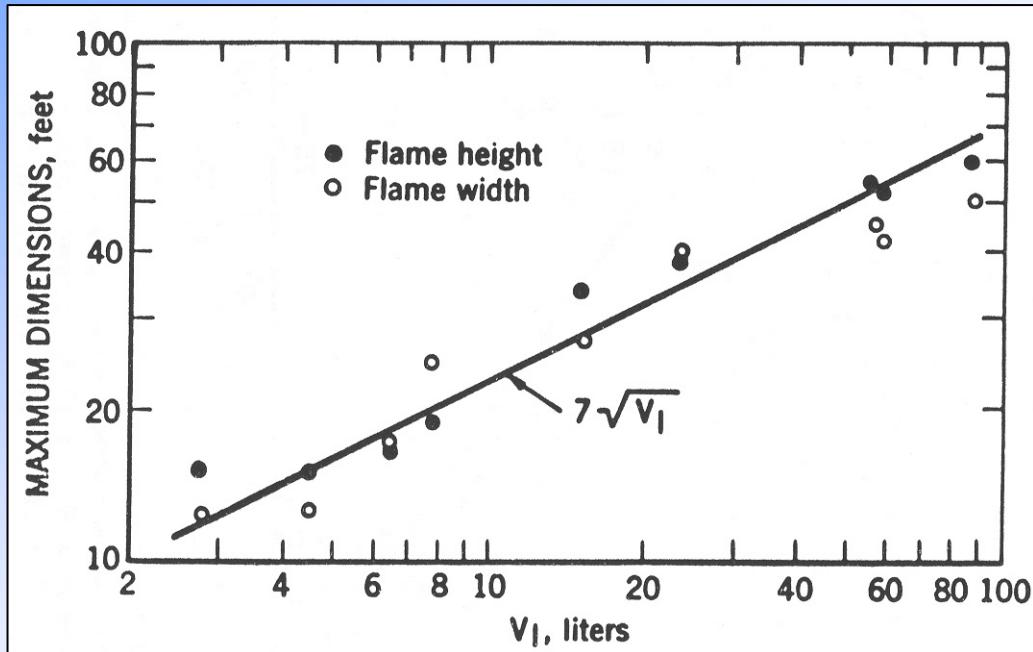


# WE-NET LH<sub>2</sub> Spill Tests (1993 + 2000)



Chitose 2002

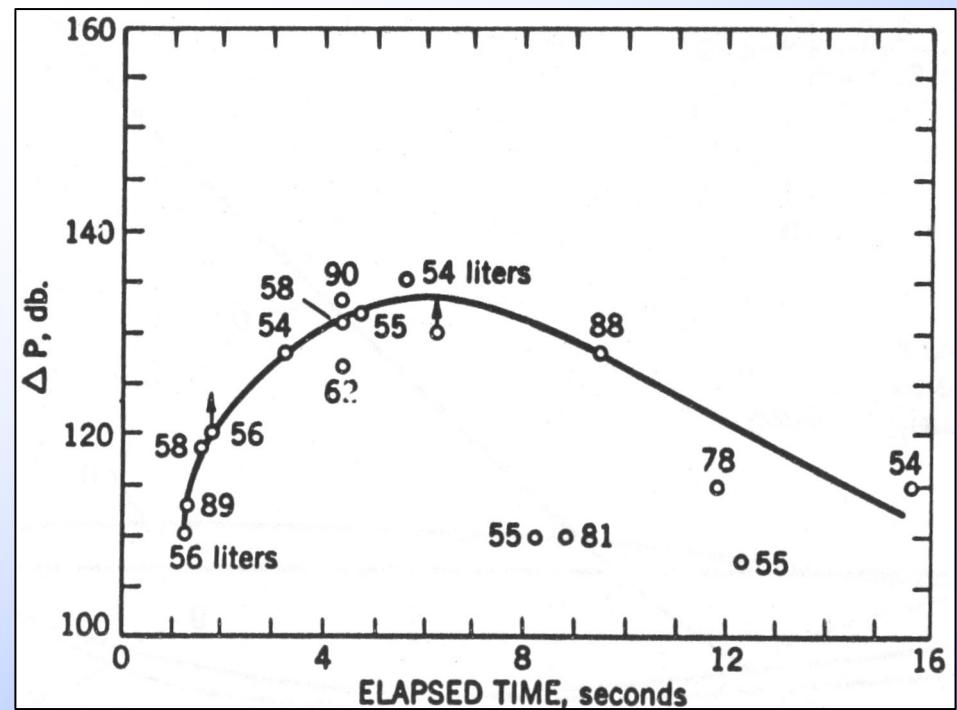
# Cryogenic Pool Burning



Flame geometry

Zabetakis 1960

Overpressure

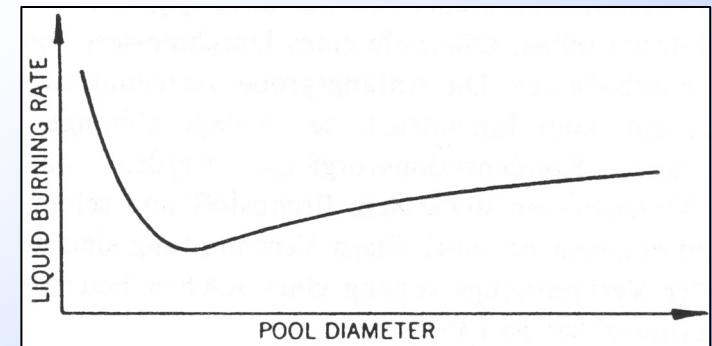
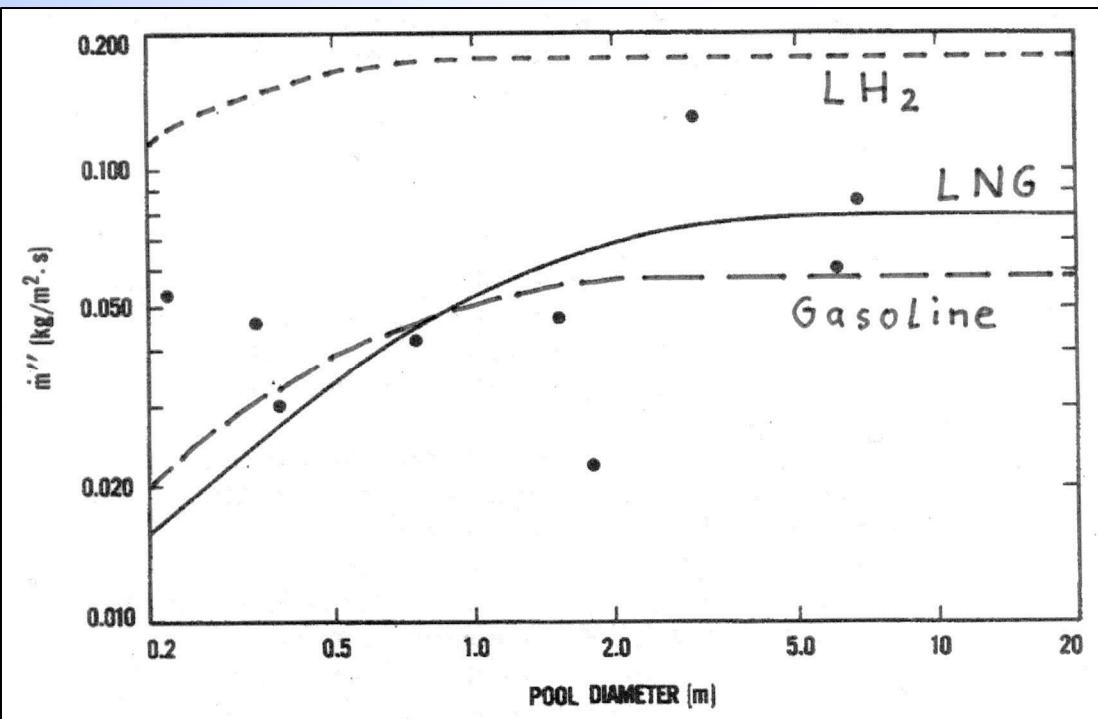


# Cryogenic Pool Burning

Regression depending on pool diameter:

$D < 0.2 \text{ m}$ : heat transport by conduction dominant

$D > 0.2 \text{ m}$ : heat transport by radiation dominant



Brabauskas 1983

## Computer Model LAUV

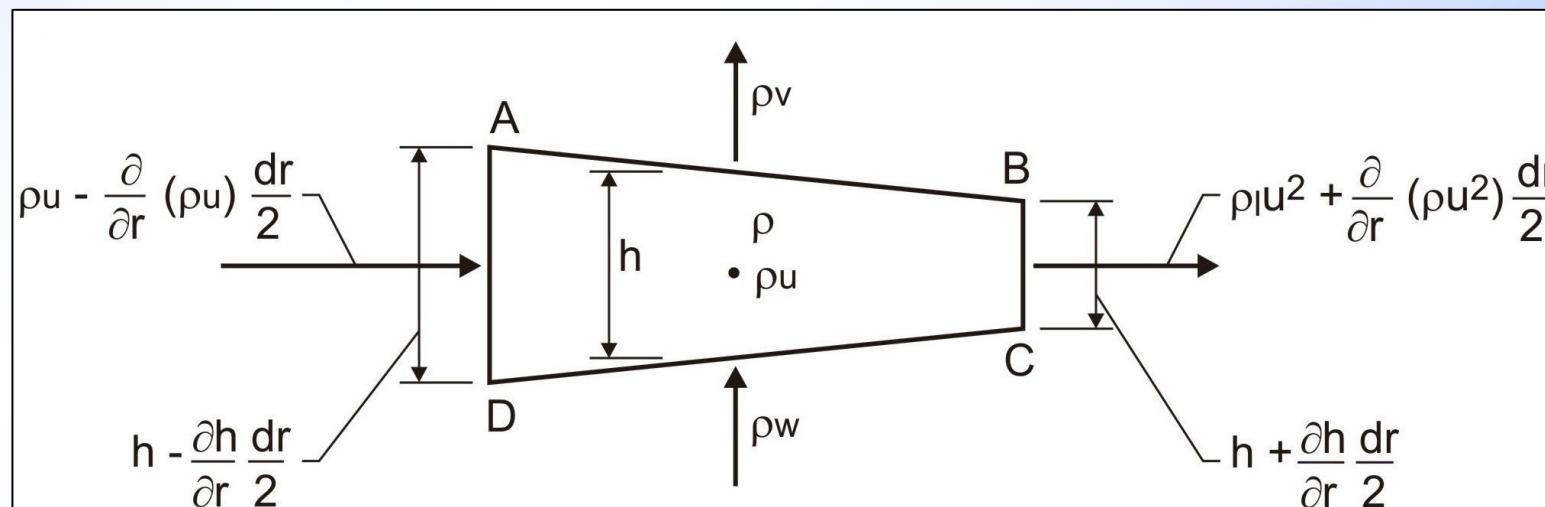
- Simulation of radial spreading of a cryogenic liquid on the basis of the **shallow-layer** differential equations;
- Instantaneous and continuous release on solid, humid, or liquid ground;
- Heat conduction equation applied, if ground is solid;
- Ice formation, if ground is water;
- Atmospheric convection and insolation neglected;
- **Validation** against  
 $\text{LN}_2$  and  $\text{LH}_2$  spill tests  
and LNG spill test data from literature.

# Shallow-Layer Equations

## 1. Conservation of mass

$$\frac{\partial(rh)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(urh)}{\partial r} + r(v - w) = 0$$

v – vaporization rate, w – source rate, m/s

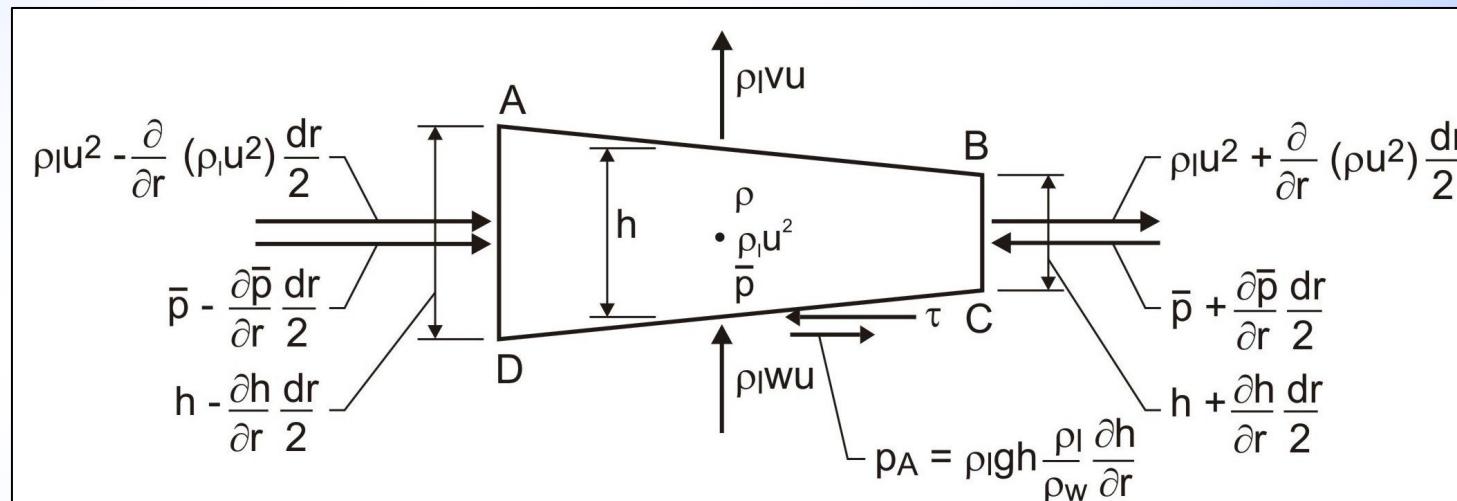


# Shallow-Layer Equations

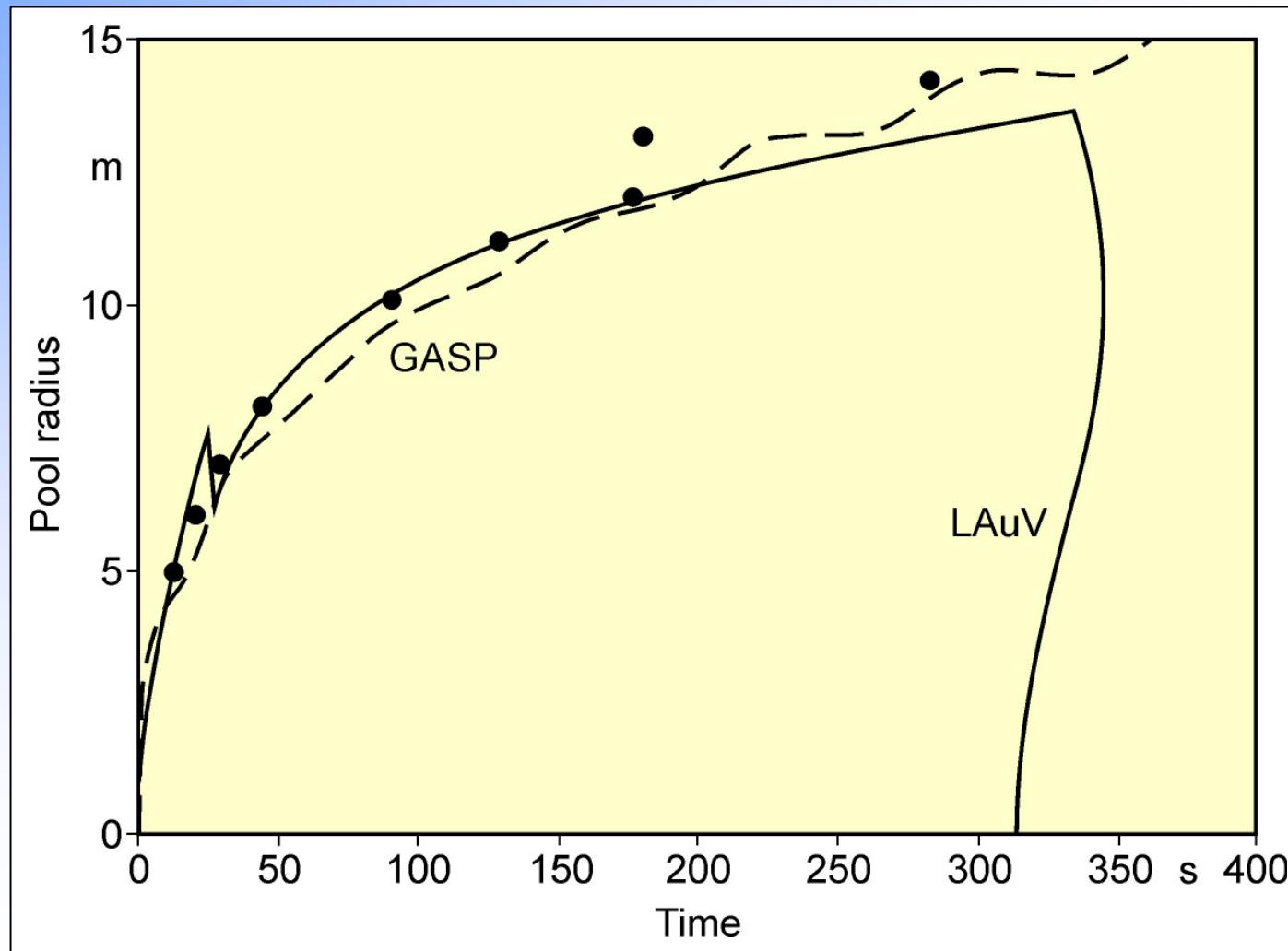
## 2. Conservation of momentum

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{u^2}{2} + \delta gh \right) + \frac{F}{h} = 0$$

$\delta$  – reduction factor,  $F$  – friction force

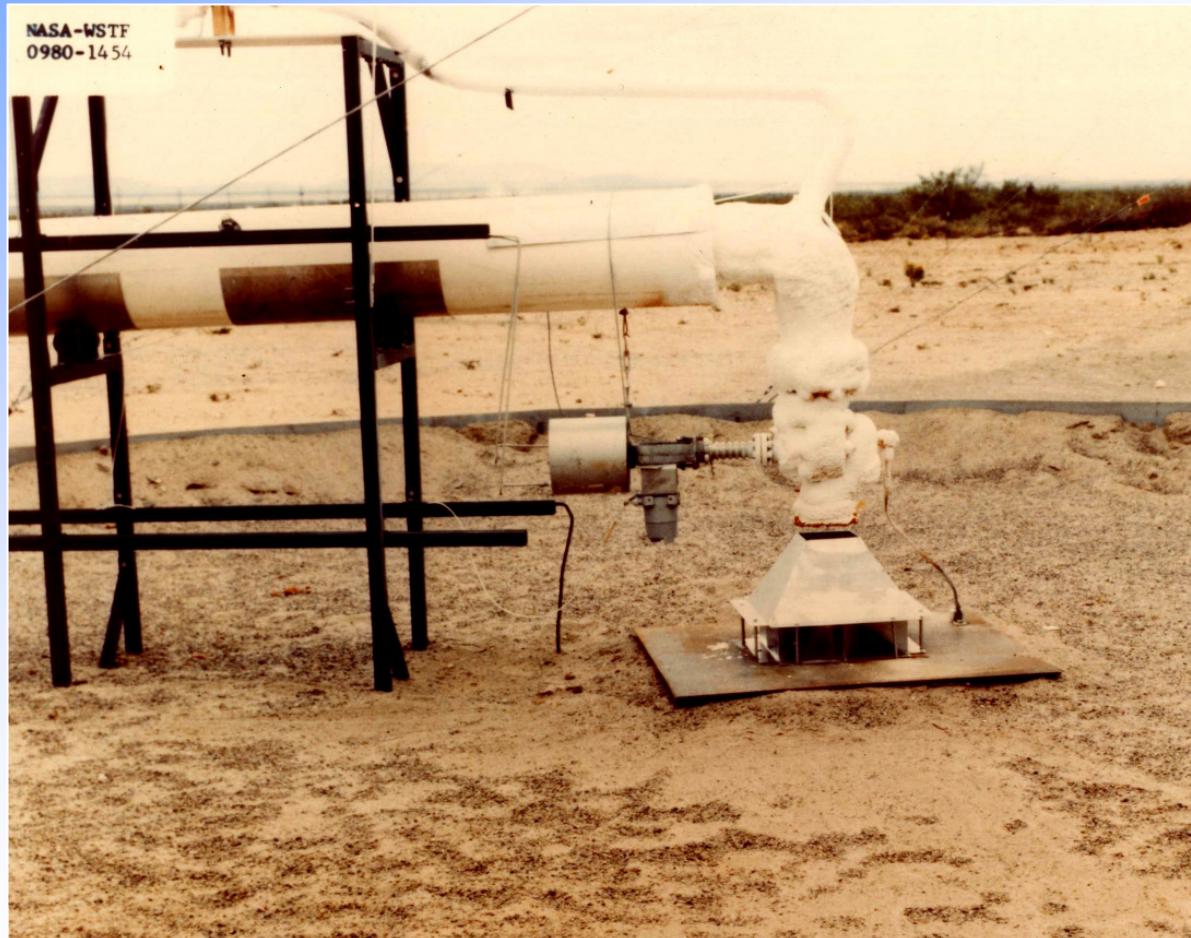


# LAUV Postcalculation of LNG Spill

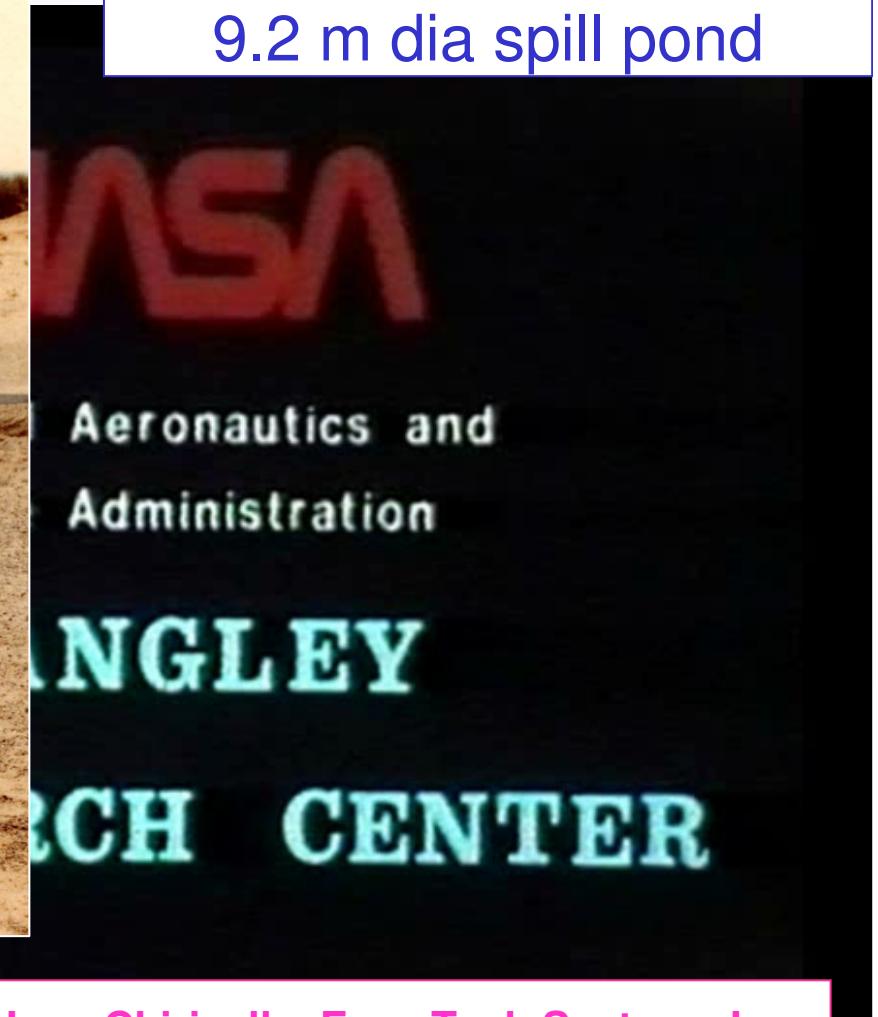


**2.5 m<sup>3</sup> of LNG  
in 300 s  
at varying rate  
dry concrete**

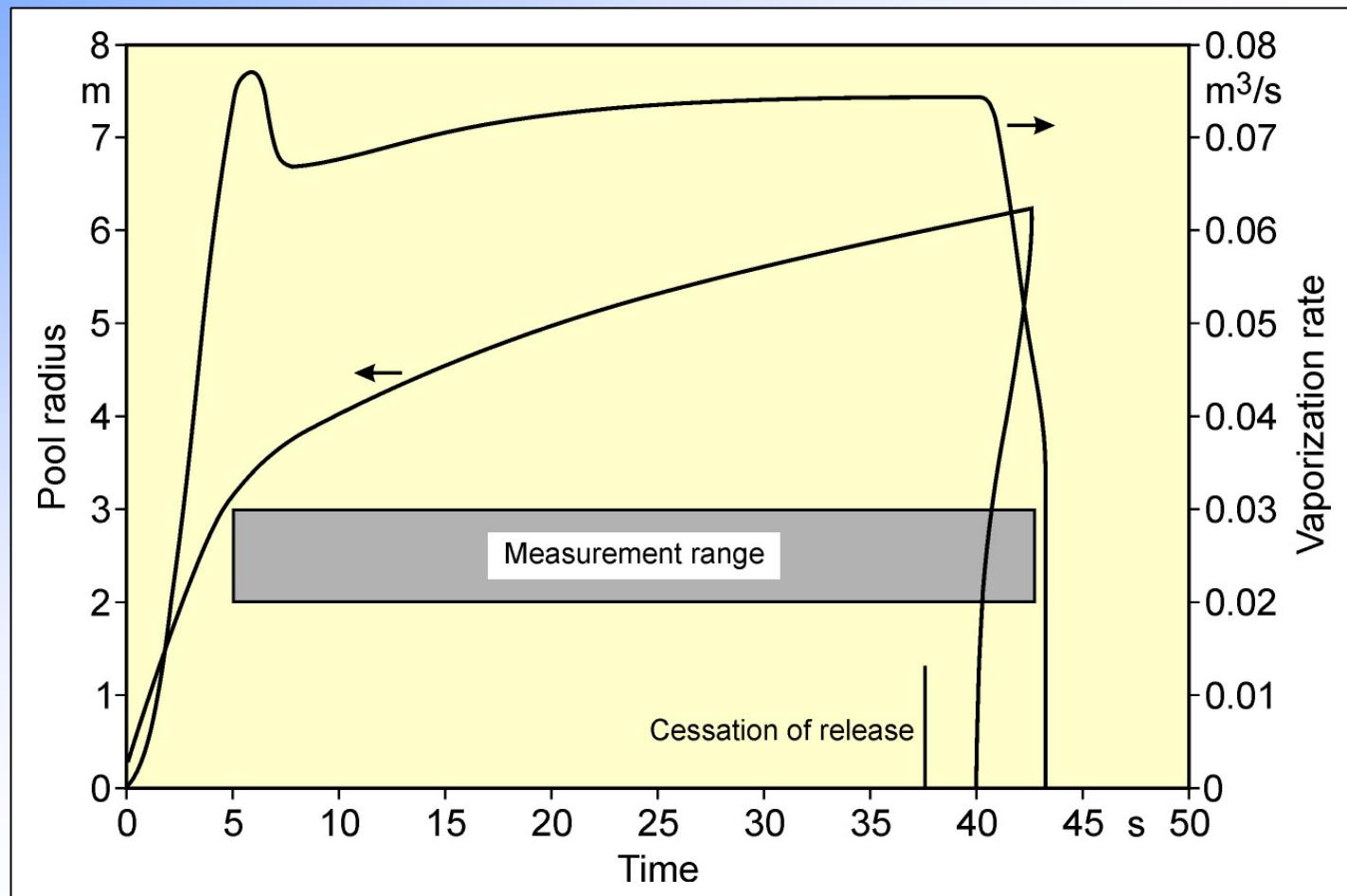
## NASA LH<sub>2</sub> Spill Tests (1980)



9.2 m dia spill pond



# LAUV Postcalculation of NASA Test #6

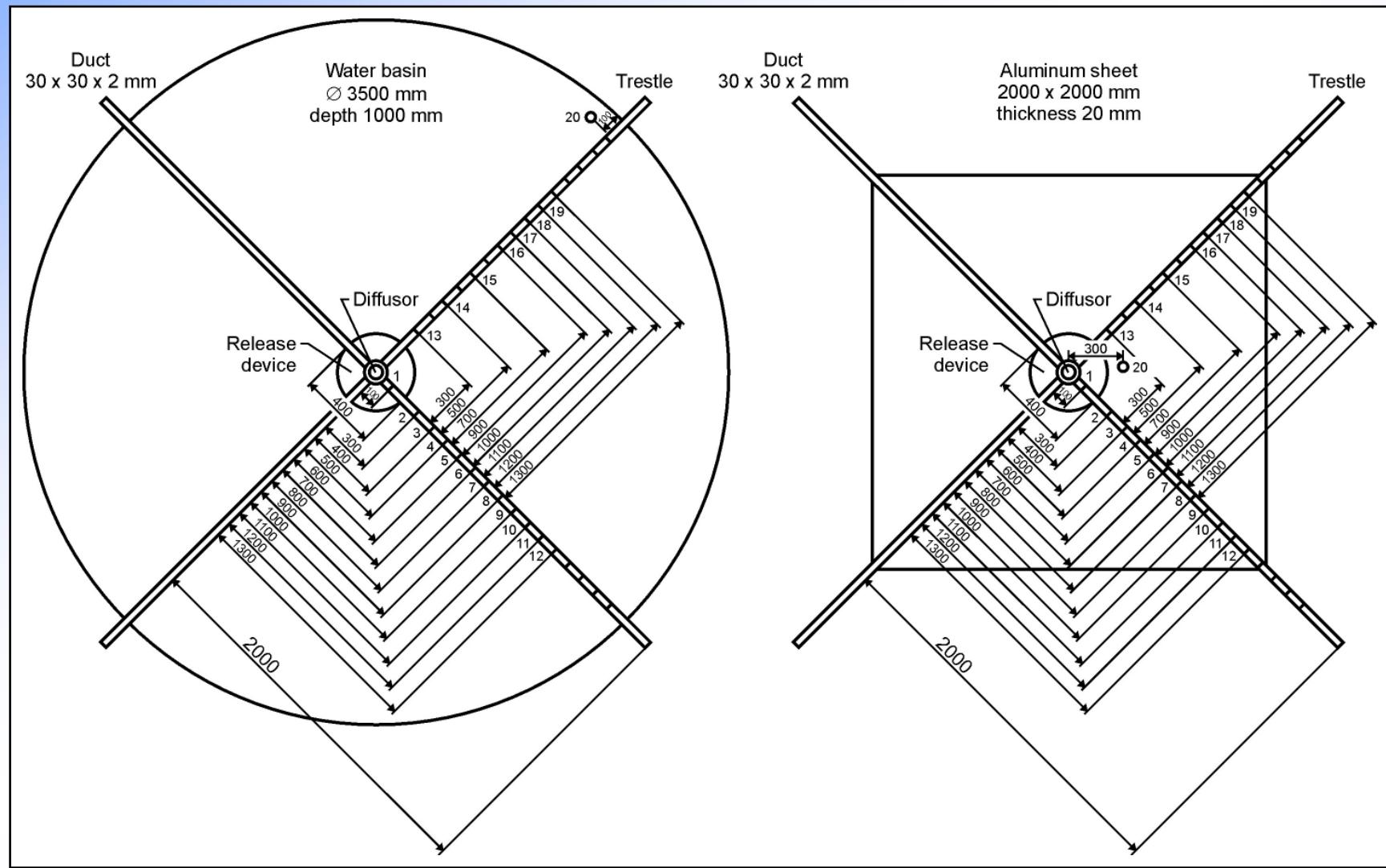


**5.1  $m^3$  of LH<sub>2</sub>  
in 38 s  
compact sand**

# BAM LH<sub>2</sub> Spill Tests in Cottbus (1994)



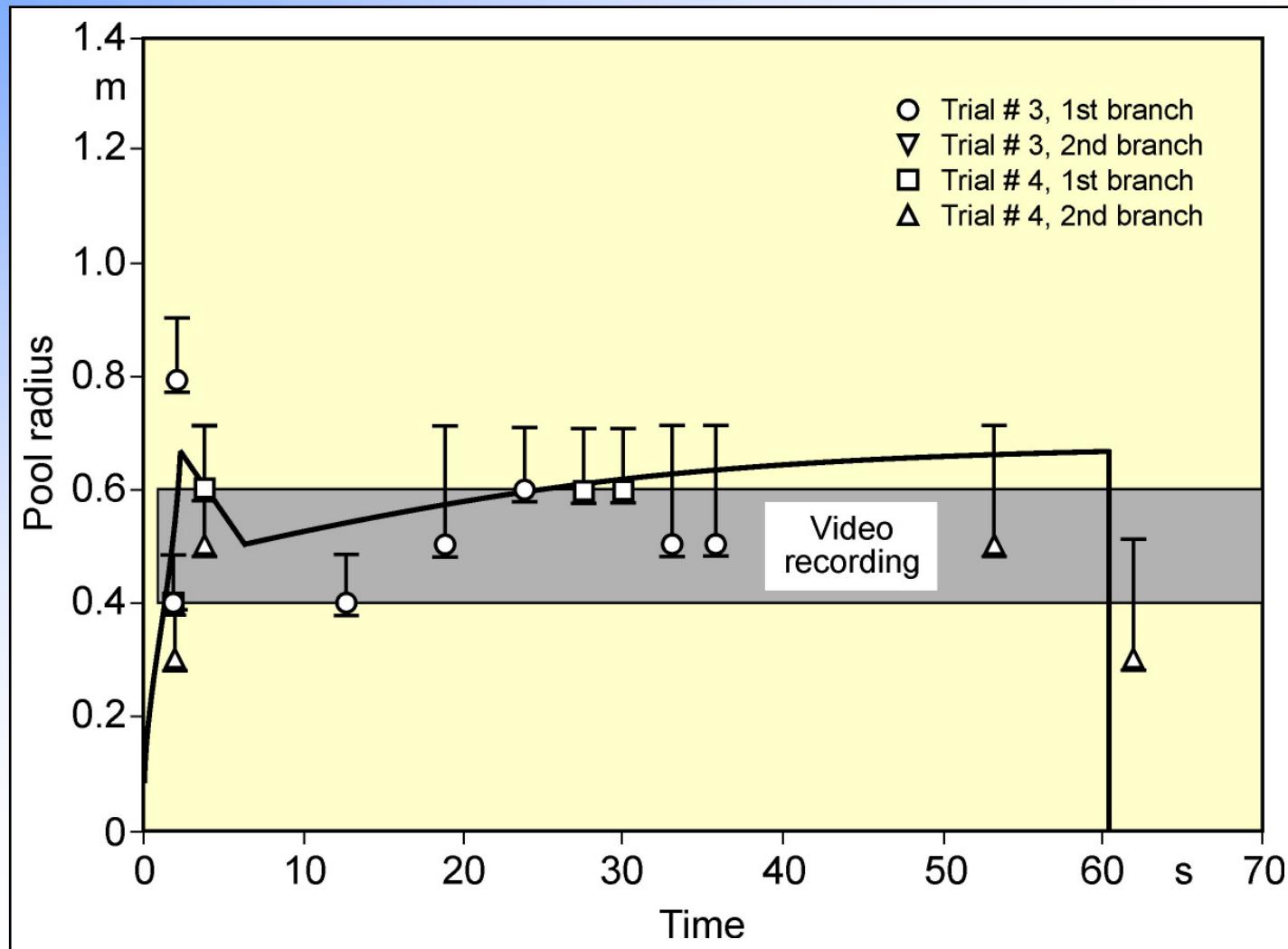
# LH<sub>2</sub> Spill Test Arrangement



# LH<sub>2</sub> Spill Test on Water

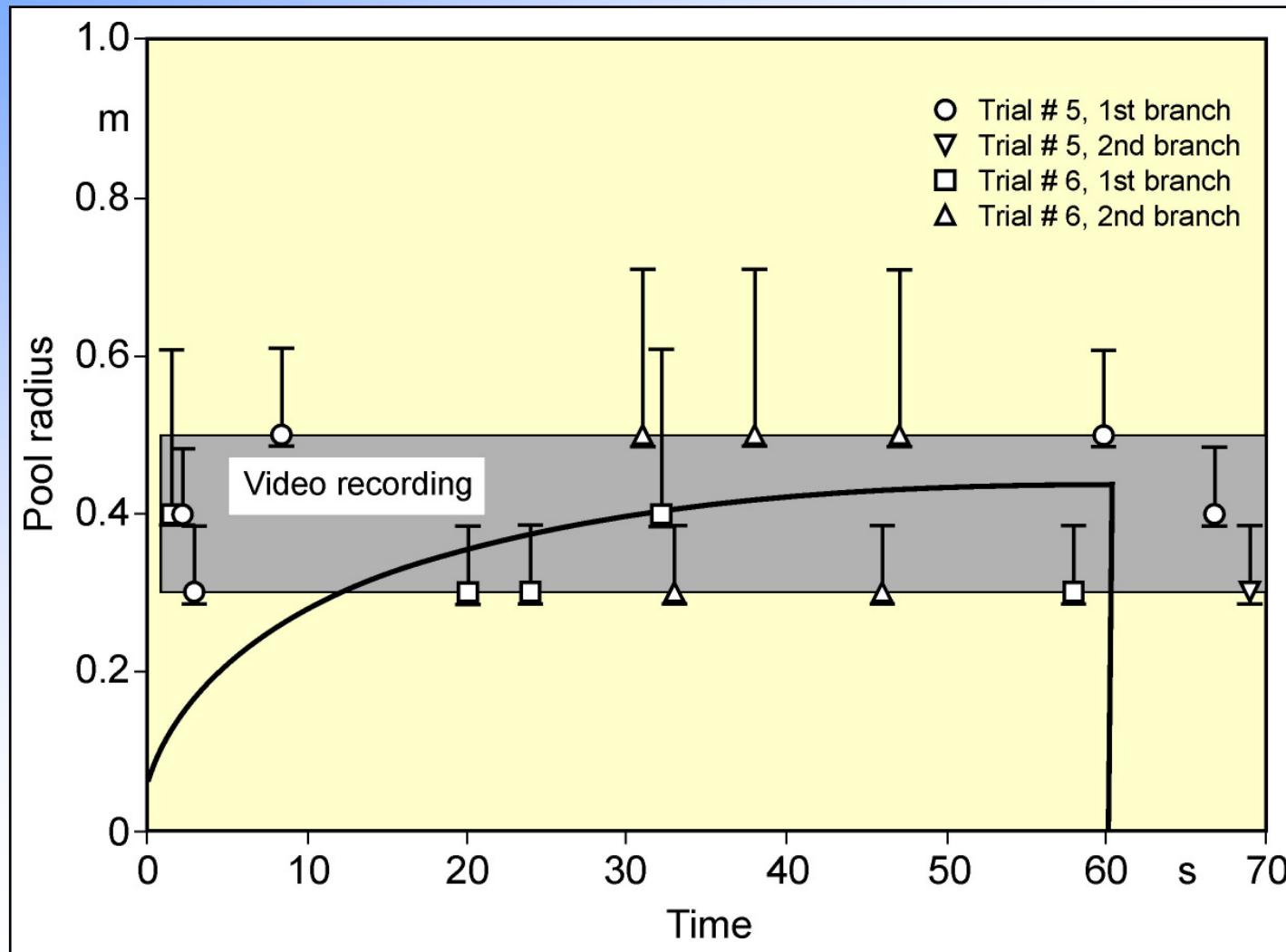


# LAUV Postcalculation – LH<sub>2</sub> Spill on Water



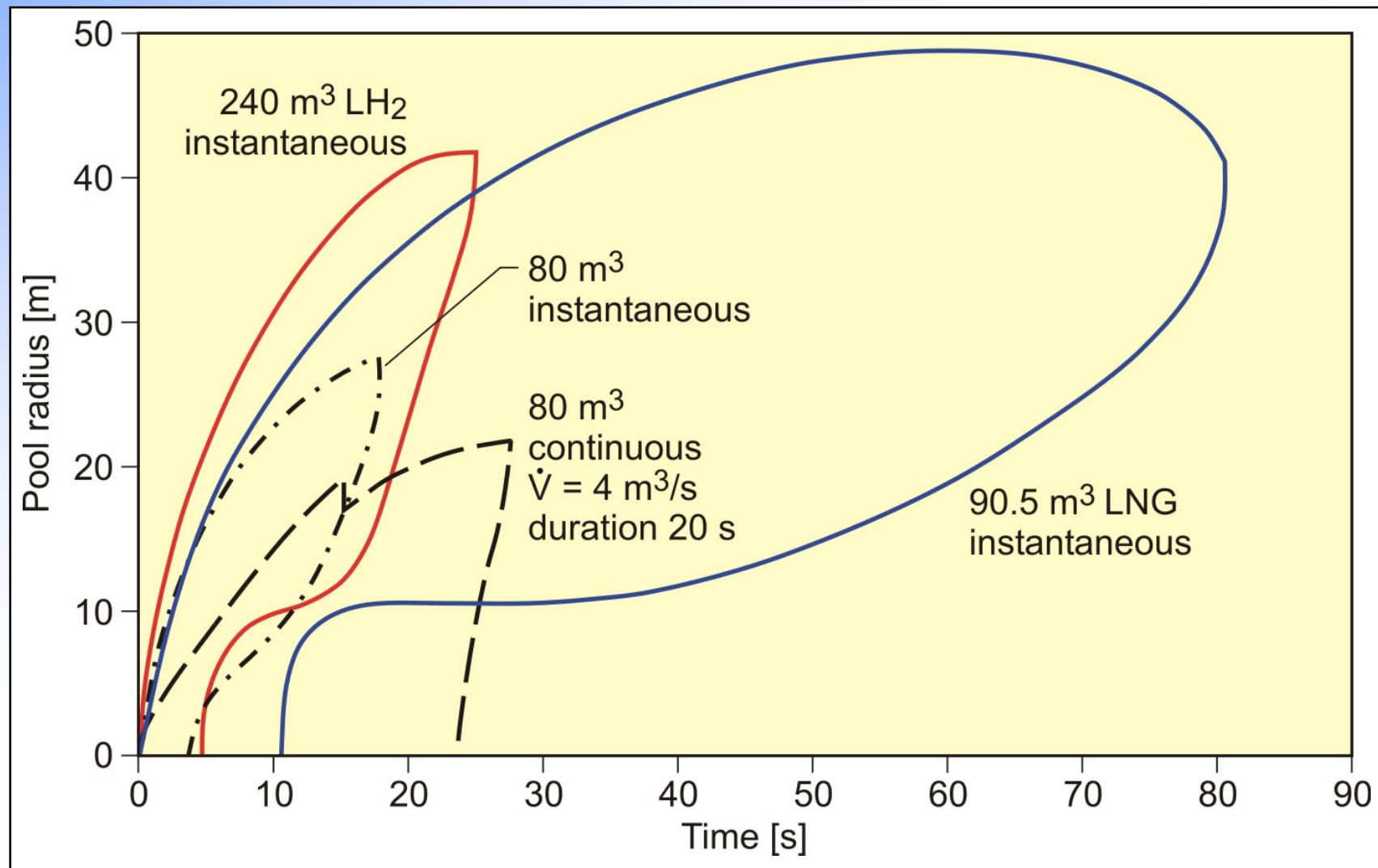
5 l of LH<sub>2</sub>  
in 62 s

# LAUV Postcalculation – LH<sub>2</sub> Spill on Al Plate

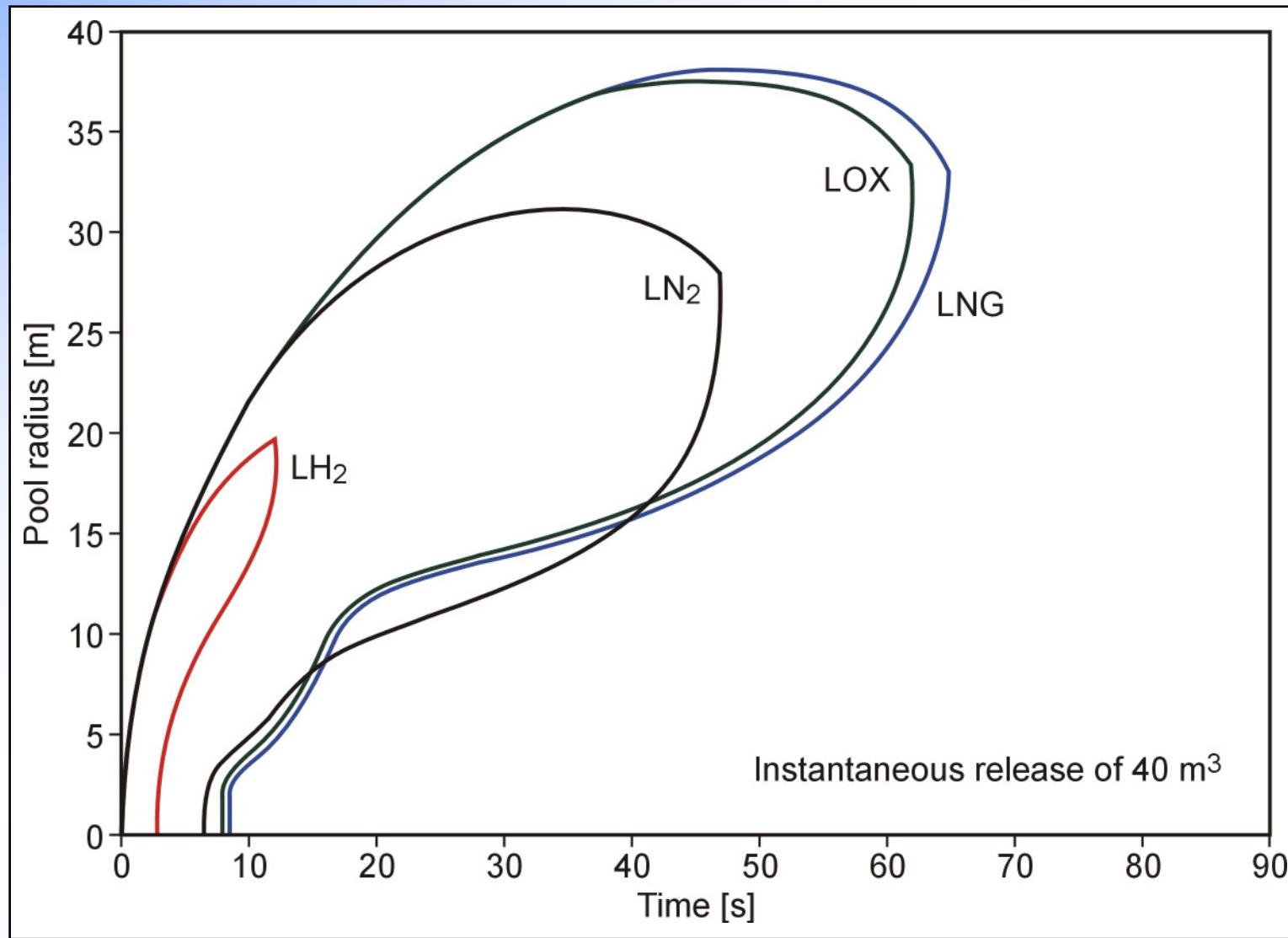


6 l of LH<sub>2</sub>  
in 62 s

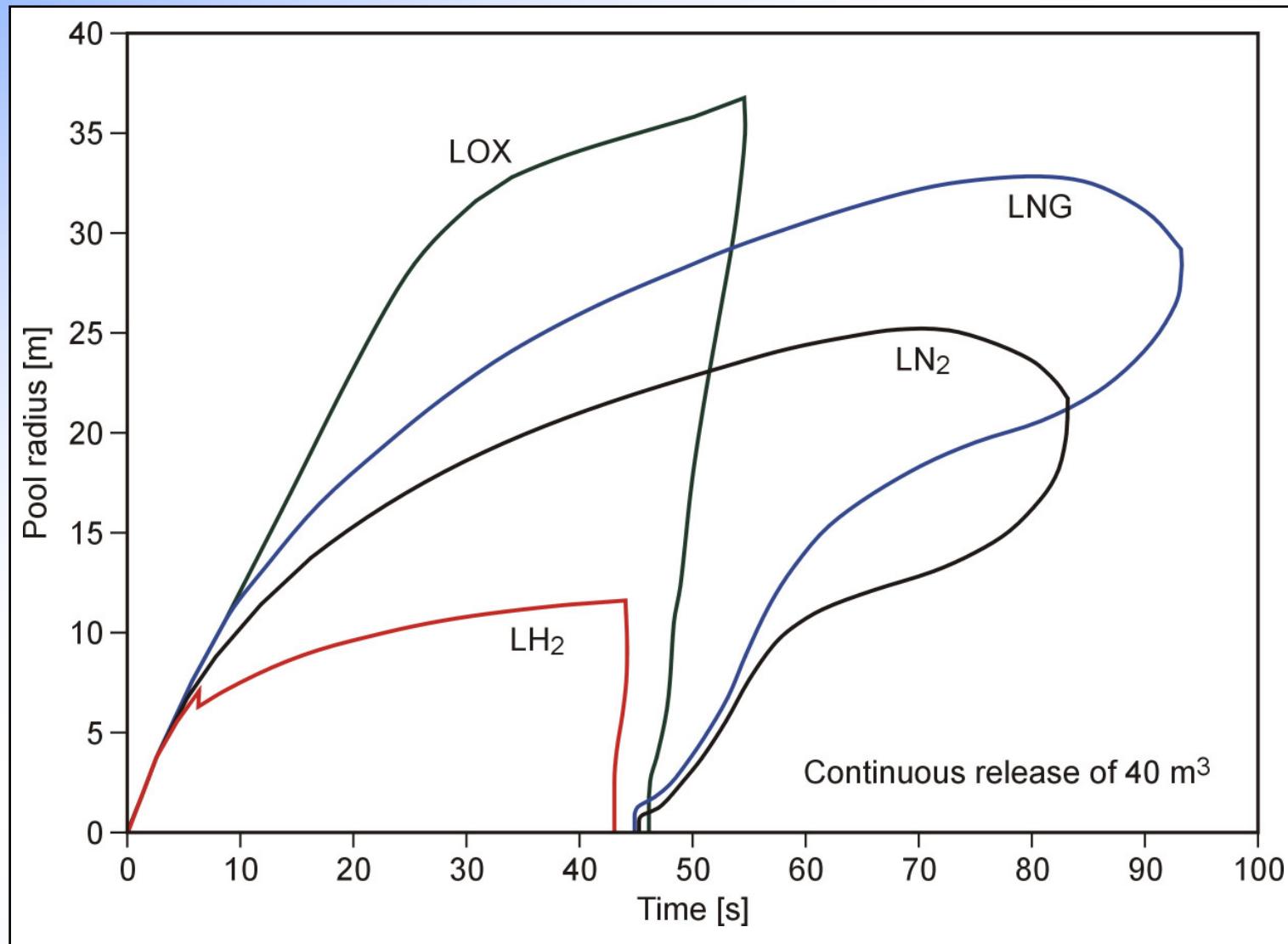
# Prediction LH<sub>2</sub> Release from CRYOPLANE Tank



## Comparison of Different Cryogens (1)



## Comparison of Different Cryogens (2)



# Conclusions

- **Phenomena** of cryogen pool spreading and vaporization are principally understood.
- **Modeling** efforts have led to simplified, but appropriate simulation of phenomena.
- **Experimental data basis** for LH<sub>2</sub> is still very poor and needs further extension.

**Thank you  
for your kind attention !**

**email: [k.verfondern@fz-juelich.de](mailto:k.verfondern@fz-juelich.de)**